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Take The Standard you
don't get the news—you
would if you did.

The Chelsea Standard.

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VOL. X. NO. 46.

A CHELSEA PAPER FOR CHELSEA PEOPLE.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 29, 1898.

WHOLE NUMBER 514



FULL DETAILS OF OUR ANNUAL JANUARY SALE!

IN THIS SPACE

NEXT WEEK.

This week we shall sell

BROWN AND BLEACHED

COTTONS CHEAP.

H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co.

Butterick's patterns for January now on sale.



NEW MEAT MARKET.

SATURDAY

we will open a Meat Market in the building first door west of Glazier & Stimson's, formerly occupied by F. Staffan & Son. We quote the following prices for the best cuts:

Loin Steak - 12 1-2c.

Round Steak - 10c.

All other cuts in proportion. We shall also have in stock pork, mutton, veal, hams, bacon, lard and in fact every thing that goes to make a first-class meat market.

Give us a call.

LEACH & DOWNER.

A BRIGHT
OUT LOOK.

for the man with "a wine
taste on a beer income."

We have our new winter
stock of suitings on hand

We are making those Dr. Shaw mid winter

PANTS.

Patent applied for. Health and Comfort
to the wearer. Made only by

RAFTREY

The Worker of Gentlemen's Clothes.



A NARROW ESCAPE.

C. T. Tryon Badly Burned While Playing
Santa Claus.

Charles T. Tryon, a former pastor of the Baptist church here, nearly lost his life Tuesday night at a Christmas entertainment given by the First Baptist church at Ann Arbor. Tryon was dressed as Santa Claus and distributed gifts from a huge Ferris wheel. Near the close of the entertainment Tryon's bulky covering and beard and hair of cotton batting took fire from a lighted candle, and in an instant he was a mass of flames. The young man lost his head and rushed about screaming in agony, and the crowd became panic stricken. Tryon fell to the floor and rolled about on the carpet. Men tried to hold him, but could not. Finally overcoats were heaped upon him and the fire was extinguished. Nurse Hess, from the hospital was present and did all possible to relieve his sufferings. He was taken to the hospital in a carriage and he is resting very comfortably, though badly burned about the neck, head and arms. The accident broke up the entertainment.

School Report.

Report of school in district No. 5, Lyndon, for the month ending December 9. Attending every day, Alta Skidmore, Grace Collins, Madge, Vincent and Anna Young, Ernest Pickell, Spencer and Frances Boyce, Inez Collins, Millie Wallace, Margie Goodwin; standing 95, Grace Collins, Madge Young, Calista Boyce, Belle McCall; 90 Lillie Parks, Ethel Skidmore, James Young, Floyd Boyce; 85 Alta Skidmore, Millie Wallace; 80, Verne Beckwith, Ernest Pickell, Archie Morrison, Vincent Young, Frank Beckwith; Madge Young, Grace Collins, Belle McCall, Vincent Young have not misspelled a word in written spelling during the month; Ethel Skidmore missing but one, Mrs. Lucy Stephens, teacher.

Election of Officers

LADIES OF THE MACABEES.

The following are the officers elected at the annual meeting of the L. O. T. M. Tuesday evening:
L. C.—Eliza C. Bacon.
L. L. C.—Minerva Davis.
F. K.—Martha Shaver.
K. C.—Lila M. Campbell.
Chaplain—R. M. Wilkinson.
Sergeant—Ella C. Foster.
M. A.—Myria Millsbaugh.
Sentinel—Alice Stiegelmaier.
Pickett—Ellen Hamilton.
Organist—Ella Drislane.

BAPTIST YOUNG PEOPLE'S UNION.

The following are the new officers of the B. Y. P. U.:
President—Thirza Wallace.
Vice President—Olive Conklin.
Recording Secretary—Ella Barber.
Corresponding Secretary—Fannie Warner.
Treasurer—N. Laird.

LAFAYETTE GRANGE.

The following officers were elected by Lafayette Grange, No. 92, at the annual meeting Thursday, December 22d at the home of Mr. and Mrs. S. Winslow:
Master—O. C. Burkhardt.
Overseer—F. H. Sweetland.
Lecturer—Mrs. G. T. English.
Steward—Chas. Morse.
Assistant Steward—G. T. English.
Chaplain—Truman Baldwin.
Treasurer—Mrs. S. Winslow.
Secretary—Mrs. Henry Wilson.
Gate Keeper—H. Wilson.
Pomona—Mrs. Frank McMillan.
Flora—Mrs. O. C. Burkhardt.
Ceres—Mrs. E. Keyes.
Lady Assistant Steward—Mrs. F. H. Sweetland.

Fanny Parker Gage.

Fanny Parker was born at Decatur, Otsego county, New York, on the 26th day of February, 1819. She came to Michigan with her parents in 1836; was married to Reuben P. Gage December 31st, 1839; and soon after settled on the farm, in Sylvan, where she died December 20th, 1898, aged 79 years, 9 months and 24 days. Mrs. Gage was the mother of seven children, of whom five remain to mourn the loss of a loving and faithful mother, whose wise counsels and worthy example will be remembered and affectionately cherished while they live. Her neighbors also sincerely mourn the loss of one whose neighborly kindness and sympathy cannot be forgotten. Funeral services were held at her late home, the home also of her youngest son George W. Gage, on Thursday, December 23d; sermon by Rev. Thomas Holmes, D. D. The text, Ps. 57:1, "Be merciful unto me, O God, be merciful unto me, for my soul trusteth in thee; yea, in the shadow of thy wings will I make my refuge," was chosen by the deceased for that purpose, and fully shows the penitent, trustful attitude of her mind, and the peaceful, confident resignation with which she yielded up

her spirit at the last to the God who gave it. Followed by a long procession of loving friends and neighbors, her remains were borne to the Vermont cemetery, and deposited by the side of her late husband, awaiting the resurrection of the just and the life everlasting, through the Lord Jesus Christ. T. H.

Mary Irene McLean.

Mrs. Mary Irene McLean, the poetess, was prostrated by a stroke of paralysis at 5 p. m. last Saturday, and after lying unconscious until 8 p. m. Sunday her spirit passed into the unknown world. The deceased was past 70 years of age, and 50 of these years she had spent in Grass Lake. Her life was ever a wearisome climbing of life's hill. She had no respite from toil, no sunshine except the sweet light that beamed into her heart from the better world toward which her loving christian spirit journeyed. Her son Pearl, who died about 8 years ago, was a helpless invalid, and the work of lifting him about and caring for him, did much toward undermining her constitution and destroying her health. For years prior to her death she was blind. Mrs. McLean was a gifted writer of verse, and issued a couple of small brochures which, however, were doomed to failure. This lack of popularity was not due to paucity of ideas and good thought, nor to a lack of musical flow or well turned expression, but purely to sentiment ever toned with solemn melancholy and unrelieved by one ray of warm, enlivening, cheery sunshine. She wrote under the cypresses and her song was, so to speak, the sad refrain of the lonely night bird which poured forth its sorrowful notes in the dark foliage above her. Still, her productions, nobly moral and religious, were worthy of thoughtful perusal. Mrs. McLean was a sister of the late Judge L. M. Powell of Jackson, but he was pleased to bestow brotherly favors on her so sparingly as to cause public animadversion. Her funeral occurred yesterday. The hymns were of Mr. McLean's composition.—Grass Lake News.

Room in Which Napoleon Was Born.

His greatness still consecrates the place. Push back the jealousies and let in the light upon the mean beginnings of so stupendous a destiny. Here is the sedan chair, battered and faded, but a relic, and so sacred still. This is the bed on which he was born—hardly bigger than a couch. Here is madame's escritoire, where she must have done those household accounts (yearly more difficult to balance) with a little old frail child at her side sometimes, plucking at her dress and looking up awed (she is the one person in all the world of whom he is afraid) into her face. Here is her spinet, with its yellow notes, which she played perhaps while those little kings and queens to be danced to her music, and the one born great (the others only have greatness thrust upon them) stood apart unchild-like and solitary. The very chairs and tables are the same. There is the narrow strip of bedroom which was his.

"I should have been the happiest man in the world," he says to Montholon, six and forty years later, "with an income of \$2,500 a year, living as the father of a family, with my wife and son, in our old home at Ajaccio."—Pall Mall Gazette.

The "Gray Matter."

The writer has examined many brains of persons morally or intellectually below the average—such as murderers, negroes and others sunk in ignorance. He has invariably found the layer of vesicular, or gray matter, to be thicker than that of Daniel Webster's brain. Elephants, porpoises, whales, dolphins and the grampus all have this layer thicker than the most intellectual men.

Another great objection to locating mind in the gray matter of the brain is that this substance is found in the interior part of the spinal cord and in all the nerve centers throughout the body. So that, if mind is situated in it, it is not confined to the brain, but dwells in the spine also, and is distributed all through the human frame.

Still another objection lies in the fact that wherever the gray matter exists near the surface of the brain it consists of three distinct layers, separated by a white substance, and the outermost layer is white, not gray.—Dr. Joseph Simms in Popular Science Monthly.

A Silkworm of the Sea.

Silk is obtained from the shellfish known as the pinna (mytilidae), which is found in the Mediterranean. This shellfish has the power of spinning a viscid silk which in Sicily is made into a regular and very handsome fabric. The silk is spun by the shellfish, in the first instance, for the purpose of attaching itself to the rocks. It is able to guide the delicate filaments to the proper place and there glue them fast, and if they are cut away it can reproduce them.

The material when gathered (which is done at low tide) is washed in soap and water, dried, straightened and carded, one pound of the coarse filament yielding about three ounces of fine thread, which when spun is of a lovely burnished golden brown color.—New York Herald.

A Good Thing.

"Hello, Banks!" said his friend. "What are you doing here?"

"Oh, I'm in the insurance business." "Fire or life?"

"Neither," said Banks calmly, and as he did not brace himself to prove it, nor make a lunge at the other man's buttonhole, his friend's curiosity was aroused.

"Hm! What kind of a species have you added to the genus?" he inquired humbly.

"Well," said Banks, with the gravity of a man who has just given his last quarter to a philanthropist, "it isn't the bright side of an old thing turned over. It is something distinctly new. A good thing? Hm! It doesn't even need to be pushed along!"

"Well," said his friend, "you don't happen to have a picture of it in your pocket?"

"No," said Banks. "But I'll tell you. It is a policy that positively insures against the meeting of creditors when you are broke; against the man who wants to borrow your umbrella for five minutes; against the candid friend who tells you how much worse you look than you feel; against the man who wants to get a corner on your time without paying for it; against the shark, the fish story, the chestnut, against the mother-in-law, and other little annoyances of home; against the man who knows it all; against!"

"Hold on, there!" broke in his friend wildly. "That'll do. Make me out a policy for \$50,000."—Detroit Free Press.

Black Sea Water Is Poison.

The explorations of the Russian scientist Andrusow have established a very curious fact. The Black sea, which in some parts has a depth of more than 6,500 feet, is poisoned by sulphureted hydrogen wherever the water is deeper than 1,200 feet. This accounts for the curious fact that there is no organic life below that depth, excepting perhaps some bacteria of very low order, impregnated with sulphur. The causes for this phenomenon are explained by the quick outflow of the fresh water through the Bosphorus, while salt water coming from the Mediterranean enters through a deeper current into the depths of the Black sea.

The waters on the surface are, therefore, controlled absolutely by horizontal currents of considerable force, and vertical currents which might carry the noxious gases from the bottom to the surface and fresh oxygen from the surface to the bottom are hardly ever noticeable. The water at great depths is now so saturated with sulphuric gas by the disintegration of organic matter sinking to the bottom by reason of its weight that no fish or other living being which needs oxygen for its organic system can exist beyond a stated depth.—Philadelphia Record.

The Death of Carlyle.

Uncle had not been considered seriously ill more than about a fortnight or so before the end, writes Carlyle's nephew, John O. Aitken, in The Atlantic. The vital spark of life toward the last days kept flickering in a way so extraordinary that the doctor declared he had never met such tenacity of life and vitality in the whole course of his varied London and other experience. Dear uncle, the good, true and noble old man that he was, really suffered little in the way of pain for some weeks before his death, which was itself little more than a gentle flickering sleep, ending in a scarcely heard last sigh of sound.

While lying in a comatose or unconscious state his mind seemed to wander back to old Annandale memories of his ever loved ones and their surroundings; his mother holding her supreme seat, surrounded by a trooping throng of once familiar faces not very greatly less dear to him. He died full of years, with all his weary task of world's work well and nobly done, and leaves no mortal behind him who does not love and reverence his life and memory.

Getting Along Well Together.

"Can you oblige me with a sheet of paper?"

"Yes."

"And an envelope?"

"Yes."

"And a postage stamp?"

"No, but here's 2 cents."

"Thank you; that will do just as well."

"Don't you want me to bring you a letter box?"

"I'm afraid it will be too much trouble."

"Not at all. If you'll wait around here half a minute, I'll call up the postal department at Washington."

"May I ask what for?"

"I'm going to request them to put the postoffice on wheels and have it follow you around."

"How kind! I am afraid this package is a little heavy for one stamp. Haven't you 2 cents more?"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Caught in a Box.

"Why is it," he asked, "that beautiful women are always the most stupid?" "Sir," she replied, "am I to understand that you desire to cast reflections upon my mental capacity?" "Oh, no!" he hurriedly returned. "I have always said that you were one of the brightest girls I ever!" "But he didn't finish. Before he could do so he realized that he had said the wrong thing and could never make it right.—London Fun.

We moved into our

NEW STORE

this week in the Staffan block. We have the best equipped modern

DRUG AND GROCERY STORE

in western Washtenaw county. Call and look us over. We wish you all a Happy New Year.

Highest Market

PAID FOR EGGS

FENN & VOGEL

Dealers in Drugs and Groceries.

WHEN IN NEED OF A

BOB SLEIGH

Call at F. Vogel's old shop where you find an article as good as money can make and at a price that anyone can buy. Every pair warranted not only for a day or two but to give the customer a chance to test them himself. If goods do not prove to be as represented they may be returned and the money will be refunded.

Call early and see them in the white, oil finish and nicely painted.

Strict Attention given to
Repairing in General,
and done on short notice.

Give me a call.

ADAM FAIST,

Fred Vogel's old shop.

CHELSEA, MICH.

Chelsea Bakery.

We always have on hand fresh home-made, French cream, cream, graham and rye breads; sandwiches, buns and biscuits; jelly rolls; fruit cakes; cup cakes; wine cakes; cookies of every kind, pies of all kinds. The finest line of

CANDIES

in town. Goods delivered when desired.

Banquets Furnished.

L. MILLER.

TEACHERS' EXAMINATIONS.

The following is the schedule of teachers' examinations for 1898-99:

Ann Arbor, August 18 and 19, 1898.

Ypsilanti, October 20 and 21, 1898.

Ann Arbor, March 30 and 31, 1899.

Ann Arbor, June 15 and 16, 1899.

W. N. LISTER,
Commissioner of Schools.

THE CHELSEA STANDARD.

O. T. HOOVER, Publisher.
CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

SUMMARY OF NEWS.

Nineteen years after breaking jail in Anamosa, Iowa, John L. Bates was arrested in Chicago and must serve his unexpired term. He has been a criminal from the time he was 18 years of age, and has been a prisoner in penitentiaries three different times.

Deputy Sheriff Frank E. Nye was shot and instantly killed while attempting to serve a writ of possession on Mrs. Marjorie H. Crosby at her house in the suburbs of Chicago. A boy of 13, Thomas George Crosby, the son of Mrs. Crosby, confesses that he fired the shot.

The United States minister at Peking, Edwin H. Conder, has entered a protest against the proposed extension of French jurisdiction at Shanghai. This, added to the vigorous British protest on the same subject, will undoubtedly stiffen Chinese resistance to the French demand.

Jack Schmidt, a hunter and prospector, who started from Skagway on Nov. 17 for Juneau in a fishing boat, was wrecked on Chilet Island during the storm that sunk the Detroit. For nineteen days he managed to exist on raw birds and the flesh of a land otter which he shot. He was rescued when half dead.

A dispatch from Bolivia says that the revolution is gaining in importance and strength. An advance force has been started in the direction of Oruro to encounter President Alonzo's troops. The latter has ordered the Bolivian representatives at Mendoza, Peru, to impede all importations from La Paz.

John A. Severens, superintendent of the D. M. Ferry Sled Company of Detroit, committed suicide at his residence. Mrs. Severens found her husband lying dead on the kitchen floor, with one bullet in his head, another through his heart and the revolver still clutched in his hand. His mind was unhinged by sickness.

A woman about 30 years old, well dressed and bearing evidences of refinement, was found dead in bed in one of the rooms of the Chittenden Hotel, Columbus, Ohio. A half-empty two-ounce vial of carbolic acid and one ounce bottle of laudanum nearly full were found on the stand near the bed. The suicide had carefully removed every mark that might lead to her identity.

Consul Macrum from Pretoria sends to the State Department a report of the gold output of the South African republic, in which he says that the October report shows that the number of mills and the total of stamps is rapidly increasing. It is expected, he says, that the output of the Transvaal next year will exceed that of the combined mines of Colorado, Dakota, California, Montana and Alaska.

The provincial council of Sumnerburg has been ordered to publish an edict declaring that parents who send their children across the frontier to Danish schools shall be expelled from German territory. In the former Danish territory of Schleswig-Holstein many children have been sent to Denmark to be educated since the use of their own language in the schools of the duchy was abolished by the German Government.

The north-bound passenger train on the I. & G. N. Railroad narrowly missed a serious wreck forty miles below Austin, Texas, through the intervention of a bird. Some miscreant had tied a rail securely across the track. Just a few miles before reaching the spot, a bird, blinded by the headlights, flew against the glass, breaking it and extinguishing the light. This necessitated running slowly to the next station. The train proceeding at reduced speed struck the obstruction, tearing up the track and damaging the front of the engine, but no one was injured.

The Rosalie, which has arrived at Victoria, B. C., from Skagway, reports the wreck of a ship which left Wrangell for Skagway with a party of twelve bound for Atlin. The ship was found bottom up by Indians and it is feared that all have been lost. Fred Smith of Victoria, just out from Atlin, brings news of two more rich gold-bearing creeks discovered. The new finds have been christened Moose and Goose creeks. Smith had both hands frozen and nearly lost his life on the way out. News is brought of the wreck of the schooner Ohio of Victoria. No lives were lost.

BREVITIES.

Continental Hall, an old landmark of Paterson, N. J., burned down. Loss \$75,000.

Chicago capitalists are planning to build a gasoline motor railroad from Camden, N. J., to Atlantic City.

The French chamber of deputies unanimously voted a credit of 96,000,000 francs to complete the new artillery.

At Pocomoke City, Md., John E. Turner, colored, was taken from his home by two unknown men and murdered.

T. H. Rose, cheesemaker at Warren, Ohio, operating fifteen factories, failed, with debts of \$300,000; assets, \$15,000.

Mrs. Gausaulus, mother of Dr. Frank W. Gausaulus of Chicago and Fred W. Gausaulus of Columbus, Ohio, died at the family home in Centerburg, Ohio.

Col. Edward S. Barrett, national president of the Sons of the American Revolution, was killed by falling from a window of his home at Concord, Mass. He was about 60 years of age.

Col. Johnson of the Canadian militia stationed at Fort Norman, on the Mackenzie river, claims to have heard from a whaling vessel that the ruins of Andrew's balloon were seen in Lincoln sea.

The Dreyfus secret dossier has been turned over to the court of cassation at Paris under the pledge that it shall not be communicated to the counsel for the defense nor to anyone outside the court.

At Taylorsville, Ky., nine business houses were burned, including the offices and new office building of the Spencer Courier. The loss will aggregate \$20,000.

At Santa Fe, N. M., the United States Court of private land claims has restored to the public domain the Estina land grant made in 1845 and claimed by Joel Parker Whitney. It contains 500,000 acres.

Patrick Haggerty, who would have been 109 years old Jan. 17, died near Malone, N. Y.

The steamer Andra of the Atlas Line went ashore at Kingston, Jamaica, and will be a total loss.

EASTERN.

New York is suffering from an epidemic of grip.

Grip has been declared an infectious disease by the New York Board of Health.

Funeral services for Harlan P. Halsey, the author known as "Old Sleuth," were held at his residence in Brooklyn.

Former Police Captain John J. Mount died suddenly at New York, aged 80 years. He distinguished himself in the draft riots of war times.

Rev. John Watson (Jan MacLaren), author of "Beside the Bonny Brier Bush," has been called to the pastorate of Plymouth Church, New York.

At Wilmington, Del., the jury which held the fate of United States Senator Kenney in its hands was discharged by Judge Bradford without reaching a verdict.

As a result of a consting accident at Turtle Creek, Pa., near Pittsburgh, Joseph West, aged 30, a dead and eleven others are injured, two seriously, W. B. Madey and Joseph Conner.

S. H. Howe, president of the S. H. Howe Shoe Company of Marlboro, Mass., has declined to arbitrate labor difficulties with representatives of the American Federation of Labor.

John D. Collan of New York City, 60 years old, was found dead in his room with his throat cut. No weapon was found near the body, and the police believe the man was murdered.

The Boot and Shoe Workers' Union has issued a statement at Marlboro, Mass., that the employers have declined to meet a committee from the union with a view of adjusting the existing labor difficulties.

Five robbers blew open the safe of the Seaboard oil works at Chester, Pa., after having shot the watchman in the leg and also blinding and blind-folding him. The safe and office were badly damaged, but the burglars secured less than \$100.

About \$700 in spurious coin was captured in an Italian tenement-house in Buffalo. The supposed counterfeiters are under arrest in the persons of Frank Ferrol and Pasquale Antonch, who were captured while engaged in passing the counterfeit money.

During a fire in the stables at Fort Adams, Newport, R. I., a gun shot exploded, killing Private Sullivan of Battery A, Seventh artillery, and injuring eight other soldiers. All the horses were saved, but the stables of light battery F, Fourth artillery, were destroyed.

Len B. Schloss, 28 years old, a theatrical manager and the husband of Lottie Gilson, the actress, shot himself in his room in the Hotel Vendome, New York. He fired four shots from a revolver, but only one of them hit him, inflicting a slight scalp wound. Schloss declared the shooting was accidental.

Ex-President Cleveland, shortly after taking up a residence in Princeton, N. J., purchased a large farm near there as an investment. It was intended to train boys in the best methods of agriculture, at the same time giving them the advantage of a good "communal" home. In practice the scheme failed.

Baldwinsville, N. Y., was visited by a disastrous fire. The fire started in the plant of the Kenyon Paper Company and spread rapidly to a building occupied by the New Process Rawhide Company, the stone mill of Hotaling & Co. and the building of Clark, Mercer & Co. The loss, estimated at \$110,000, is nearly covered by insurance.

WESTERN.

Attorney W. E. Grubb is dead at Mexico, Mo.

Lieut. Hobson broke his own record at Kansas City by kissing 417 women.

At Hillsboro, Ohio, two girls have died from trichinosis, contracted by eating pork.

At their home near Jasper, Mo., William Lowenstein, a wealthy farmer, killed his wife and himself.

Highway robberies have become so frequent in St. Louis that people have stopped going to church at night.

An incendiary fire at Malden, Mass., destroyed twenty-five business houses and two residences. Loss \$80,000.

James S. McIndoo, the "Minnesota giant," died at Madala, Minn. He was 18 years old and 7 feet 2 inches tall.

T. M. Wells, of Arcola, Ill., was killed and eleven others badly injured at Guion, Ind., in an accident on the Indiana, Decatur and Western Railway.

At St. Louis James Nettles, colored, has been convicted of murder in the first degree of Samuel W. Mann, a suburban street car conductor on July 4 last. A new trial has been asked for.

General officers of the W. C. T. U. at a meeting held in Chicago selected Seattle, Wash., as the place for holding the annual convention of 1899. The dates fixed upon were from Oct. 20 to Oct. 25, inclusive.

The executive committee of the grand lodge of the Rod Mill Workers' Association met at Cleveland and accepted the resignation of Frank Pierce as President. Edward May, of that city, was elected to the vacancy.

A successful test of wireless telegraphy has been made at San Francisco, where Professor Albert Van der Naillen has invented an apparatus by which messages can be sent through a solid brick wall without the use of wires.

News has been received at Seattle of a slide on the Chilkooot Pass, in which six people were killed. Five bodies have been recovered, as follows: Mrs. Darling and two sons of Lake Lindeman; Bert Johns, Juneau, and Harry Shaw of Sagway.

The crew of the barge San Diego, abandoned at sea and set on fire, has reached Gloucester, Mass. The San Diego was a lake boat and was on her way from Buffalo, N. Y., to New York, via the Welland canal and the St. Lawrence river.

A romantic wedding took place in the county jail at Milan, Mo. John Green, aged 19 years, under penitentiary sentence for burglary and larceny, married his 17-year-old stepmother, whose 50-year-old husband is in the penitentiary for horse-stealing.

Thomas V. Beckwith, the self-confessed embezzler of \$15,000 from Niles Brothers, meat dealers, who surrendered to the police of Chicago, was arraigned in court in Boston. He pleaded guilty and the court sentenced him to the reformatory for an indefinite period.

The worst fire in the history of the city of Terre Haute occurred the other night. The blaze started in the big show windows of the Havens & Geddes company, dealers in dry goods and notions. The cause is not definitely known. A conservative estimate of the damage is \$1,000,000. Several employees were injured by jumping from windows, two of them fatally.

At Cincinnati Judge Taft issued an order for the sale of the Wheeling and Lake Erie Railroad on the claim of the Metropolitan Financial and Industrial Company. The sale will be for \$1,000,000, subject to mortgages of \$8,000,000, and must be made within three months.

A special from North Baltimore, Ohio, says: "The large brick building occupied by Jeff Richerick, with furniture and hardware stores, is a heap of ruins. The loss is total, being estimated at \$75,000, covered by insurance. The business section of the town was saved with difficulty."

At Chillicothe, Ohio, two boys, Elmer and George Butler, aged, respectively, 20 and 13, were found guilty of manslaughter and will serve a term in the penitentiary for the killing of Daisy Browner. In the trial it was proved that the girl had been shot down from ambush for no cause whatever.

The car famine became so serious that the entire grain trade of St. Louis was crippled, and exporters found it almost impossible to obtain cars to carry their grain to the seaboard. Every railroad running into the city suffers from the shortage of equipment. At one time the roads were 1,000 cars behind orders.

A strike of gold in the Tricker tunnel, being driven through Pike's Peak to increase the water supply of Colorado Springs, has caused the most intense excitement in that city. A splendid vein, bearing large quantities of sylvanite, has been encountered by the contractor, and samples of the find assay up into the thousands.

Four burglars effected an entrance into the office of the Sennett Foundry Company in the northern part of Youngstown, Ohio, the other night, overpowered the night watchman, John Welden, and gagged and bound him. The burglars then blew open the office safe with dynamite, demolishing it completely, but secured only \$23.

Miss Belle Hite, 23 years old, swallowed carbolic acid on an Olive street car in St. Louis in the presence of a large number of passengers, and died from the effects of the poisoning three hours later. She is supposed to have been in love with the gripman, Henry McNeill, who refused to make a statement. Miss Hite's family lives at Madison, Wis.

A man known as "Big John" murdered John Gullickson in Iowa, just across the State line from Spring Grove, Minn. The murderer then attempted to kill Gullickson's wife, beating her into unconsciousness, and left her for dead. A sheriff and a posse from Decorah, Iowa, pursued "Big John," and just as they were about to capture him he drew a revolver and shot and killed himself.

James Foster of Cleveland, detective for the Panhandle Railroad, caught two men robbing a freight car at Columbus, and was shot twice. He returned the fire, but fell from loss of blood. An hour later Fred Deering, a special policeman, went to August Brokawski's home, suffering from a pistol shot which passed through his stomach. He was taken to a hospital, where he died without making a statement. A revolver with three empty chambers was found on him. Brokawski was afterward arrested, a lot of stolen goods being found in his house. Deering was 45 years old and previously bore a good reputation.

SOUTHERN.

Unknown men entered the store of Mrs. Ida Meyers, in Josie, Ala., and after fatally wounding Mrs. Meyers, killing her married daughter and badly beating an employee named Cook, stole \$3,000 and then burned the store.

Nearly the whole of the business part of the town of Tifton, Ga., was burned the other night. An oil lamp in a boarding-house exploded. The Masonic hall and ten stores were destroyed and a hotel and large lumber mill were threatened.

Thomas Jones, living near Greer, W. Va., attempted to light a fire with crude oil. An explosion occurred and the clothing of his two daughters, aged 6 years, ignited. Jones was too badly burned to assist them and the children were burned to death.

Illinois Central No. 1, south bound, was held up one-half mile south of Port's station, Miss., by two men. They compelled the engineer to stop, after which they attempted to break in the express car door. They fired several shots, but failed to gain admission.

Dr. Frank T. A. Boreck of Fayette County, Texas, was murdered while asleep in his bed by some one who entered the house and shot him through the head, without awakening, so they say, any of the occupants of the house. J. B. Combs, a farmer and lumberman, was shot dead in his house at the village of Garrison by an assassin, who fired through a window.

WASHINGTON.

Mrs. Mary T. Throckmorton is dead at Washington, aged 88.

An immense order for coffins has been placed by the War Department with the National Casket Company of Pittsburgh. The coffins will be sent to Cuba and Porto Rico for the remains of United States soldiers buried in those countries. The bodies will be brought to the United States and turned over to relatives or friends.

The bureau of foreign commerce of the State Department has published the terms of a concession by which Martin Roberts, an American citizen, undertakes to operate the Guatemala Northern Railroad, running trains daily between Porto Barrios and El Rancho. He is to receive \$15,400 monthly and 2 pesos for each new car laid down.

FOREIGN.

Captain Borchgrevink's expedition has started from Hobart, Tasmania, for the antarctic regions.

Japan and Russia are said to be trying to negotiate loans in the United States aggregating \$400,000,000.

The Russian Government has ordered ten new destroyers for the Pacific squadron, to be completed within two years.

George O. Larson, corporal Company A, Utah Artillery, and James Healy, private Company I, Eighteenth Infantry, are dead in Manila.

The marriage of Mrs. Demetrius Callias Bey, formerly Mrs. P. T. Barnum, to Le Baron Alexandry Orangians, a French nobleman, took place in Paris.

Steamers report that the French are actively engaged in fortifying Tahiti, the

principal island of the Society group, which is under the control of France.

The Spanish evacuation commissioners have informed the American commissioners that the Havana suburbs, Cerro and Jesus del Monte, have been evacuated.

The first train from Merv, Russian Turkistan, 300 miles southeast of Khiva, arrived at Kusk, in the Jamshidi province of Afghanistan, the line thus being completed to within ninety-five miles of Herat.

The Midland Railway Company, of England, has ordered twenty freight engines in Philadelphia and New York. As a consequence of the engineers' strike the English firms are only able to cope with arrears of work.

Great Britain has given another striking example of friendship for the United States. A filibustering expedition organized to go to the support of Aguinaldo has been suppressed at Hong Kong by order of the British authorities.

A dispatch from Shanghai says a powder magazine situated in the center of the Chinese camp at Hang-Chow exploded, leveling a square mile of houses. It is estimated that 3,000 soldiers were killed, including the general commanding the forces.

According to a dispatch from Shanghai the rebels have seized the town of Chung Yang, fifty miles southwest of Ichang, province of Hoe Pe, on the north bank of the Yangtze-Kiang, 200 miles above Chip Kiang Foo. They have massacred a French priest and 100 converts.

According to a dispatch to the London Morning Post from Hankow, on the Yangtze-Kiang, about 700 miles from the sea, a French expedition has been dispatched up the river to Kwei-Chan, and one gunboat is already above Nanking, the "southern capital" of China, about ninety miles from the river's mouth.

Captain General Castellanos has forbidden the letting of any important contracts for public improvements in Havana while he remains in office. This action was taken at the request of the American commission, the object being to prevent the railroad through of big contracts before the time of American occupation.

The British steamer Piermont, which arrived at New Castle-on-Tyne and subsequently sailed for the Mediterranean, has been in collision with the British steamer Ilios. The collision took place in the North Sea under conditions not explained. The Ilios foundered and the Piermont was badly damaged. It is believed that twenty persons were drowned.

News has come from Major McDonald, who is at the head of an expedition from the south, that shows the last link in the British chain "from the Cape to Cairo" is complete. The Major has established stations all the way northward from Uganda to Lake Rudolph. He is now about to descend the River Sobat, which empties into the Nile, and make his way toward Fashoda.

IN GENERAL.

John E. Searies has resigned as treasurer of the American Sugar Refining Company.

Free milling gold ore worth from \$25,000 to \$35,000 a ton has been found near Rat Portage, Ont.

Salaries of \$75 and over are to be cut 10 per cent Jan. 1 all along the Quincy branch of the Port Arthur route. Train and yard men are not included.

General Manager Hays of the Grand Trunk Railway has recognized the Railway Telegraphers' Association by deputizing General Superintendent McQuiggan to discuss the grievances of the employees of the road with them.

Rev. P. J. Jernegan, the man who pretended to extract gold from sea water and fled to Europe, leaving his company in the lurch, has sent \$75,000 to the company's directors as a peace offering preliminary to his return to America.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: "December is adding a surprising gloss to the most surprising year of American history. November surpassed all other months of the century in volume of business and production, and thus far December is doing even better in payments through clearing houses, in railroad earnings, in foreign trade, in output of pig iron, in activity and strength of securities. The woolen industry also comes to the front with very extensive purchases of wool by large houses and small. In cotton the foreign demand is really inexhaustible, considering its volume in comparison with movements of goods from Great Britain. Failures for the week have been 261 in the United States, against 329 last year, and 31 in Canada, against 28 last year."

MARKET REPORTS.

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, \$3.00 to \$6.25; hogs, shipping grades, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, fair to choice, \$2.50 to \$4.50; wheat, No. 2 red, 65c to 67c; corn, No. 2, 34c to 35c; oats, No. 2, 25c to 27c; rye, No. 2, 54c to 56c; butter, choice creamery, 19c to 21c; eggs, fresh, 21c to 23c; potatoes, choice, 30c to 40c per bushel.

Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, \$3.00 to \$5.50; hogs, choice light, \$2.75 to \$3.75; sheep, common to choice, \$2.50 to \$4.25; wheat, No. 2 red, 66c to 67c; corn, No. 2 white, 31c to 32c; oats, No. 2 white, 29c to 30c.

St. Louis—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$5.50; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, \$3.50 to \$4.25; wheat, No. 2, 69c to 71c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 32c to 34c; oats, No. 2, 27c to 28c; rye, No. 2, 50c to 52c.

Cincinnati—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$5.50; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep, \$2.50 to \$4.25; wheat, No. 2, 68c to 70c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 34c to 35c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 29c to 30c; rye, No. 2, 51c to 53c.

Detroit—Cattle, \$2.50 to \$5.50; hogs, \$3.00 to \$3.75; sheep and lambs, \$3.00 to \$5.50; wheat, No. 2, 68c to 70c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 35c to 37c; oats, No. 2 white, 29c to 30c; rye, 54c to 56c.

Toledo—Wheat, No. 2 mixed, 69c to 71c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 34c to 36c; oats, No. 2 white, 26c to 28c; rye, No. 2, 54c to 56c; clover seed, new, \$4.50 to \$4.60.

Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2 spring, 65c to 67c; corn, No. 3, 32c to 33c; oats, No. 2 white, 28c to 30c; rye, No. 1, 54c to 56c; barley, No. 2, 44c to 49c; pork, mess, \$8.00 to \$8.50.

Buffalo—Cattle, good shipping steers \$3.00 to \$5.75; hogs, common to choice \$3.25 to \$3.75; sheep, fair to choice withers, \$3.50 to \$4.75; lambs, common to extra, \$5.00 to \$5.50.

New York—Cattle, \$3.00 to \$5.75; hogs, \$3.00 to \$4.00; sheep, \$3.00 to \$5.25; wheat, No. 2 red, 77c to 79c; corn, No. 2, 41c to 43c; oats, No. 2, 32c to 33c; butter, creamery, 15c to 22c; eggs, Western, 25c to 27c.

SENATE AND HOUSE.

WORK OF OUR NATIONAL LAW-MAKERS.

A Week's Proceedings in the Halls of Congress—Important Measures Discussed and Acted Upon—An Impartial Resume of the Business.

Monday was suspension day in the House, and several bills were passed, the most important of which was the bill appropriating \$350,000 for the Philadelphia exposition of 1899. The vote was exceedingly close. It had but two votes more than the necessary two-thirds. Bills were also passed under suspension of the rules to authorize the distribution of the assets of the Freedmen's Bank, to enlarge the scope of the Fish Commission to include game birds, for the relief of the Fourth Mounted Arkansas Infantry and for the relief of John W. Lewis, of Oregon. The Senate had a busy day, and there were several important speeches. Mr. Platt, of Connecticut, spoke against the Vest resolution, which declares that the United States has no power to acquire territory. Mr. Proctor, of Vermont, and Mr. Hale, of Maine, exchanged divergent views upon the subject of a commission of Senators to visit Cuba. The conference report on the urgent deficiency bill was agreed to. The Senate then took up the Nicaragua canal bill, and Mr. Berry (Ark.) spoke upon his amendments to the measure.

The House resolution providing for adjournment of Congress from Dec. 21 to Jan. 4 was adopted by the Senate without division on Tuesday. Mr. Gallinger favorably reported Mr. Proctor's resolution providing for a committee of Senators to visit Cuba and Porto Rico with a view to ascertaining the conditions on the islands and reporting on them, with recommendations. Senator Teller then addressed the Senate upon Mr. Vest's resolution declaring that under the constitution no power is given to acquire territory to be held and governed permanently as colonies. Several private pension bills were disposed of, after which Mr. Elkins called up the bill relating to the registry of foreign-built vessels in this country. At 2 o'clock the Nicaragua canal bill displaced the registry measure, and Mr. Caffery spoke in opposition to it. The debate on the agricultural bill was signaled by the first speech in the House on the question of annexation of the Philippines. Mr. Williams of Mississippi submitted a general argument against their annexation. After Mr. Williams' remarks the agricultural bill was passed. It carried \$3,636,322, or \$187,120 more than the current law. Before adjournment for the day the conference report on the army and navy deficiency bill was adopted.

The last session of the House before the holiday recess was held on Wednesday and lasted but an hour. The Bailey resolution directing an investigation of the right of the members who volunteered in the Spanish-American war to seats in the House was adopted, and several bills of minor importance were passed. One of these provided for holding terms of the District and Circuit courts at Hammond, Ind. The absence of a quorum of the Senate saved Senator Proctor's resolution providing for the appointment of a committee of Senators to investigate the conditions in Cuba and Porto Rico during the approaching long recess of Congress from decisive defeat. An effort was made by Mr. Daniel of Virginia to obtain consideration for the resolution, but his motion mustered only eight of the thirty-eight votes cast. No business of importance was disposed of at Wednesday's session. Only some routine business, including the passage of a few private pension bills, was transacted. Adjournment was taken on Jan. 4, 1899.

Sparks from the Wires.

Prince Henry of Prussia opposes the building of railroads in China by Americans.

The United States cruiser Raleigh sailed from Manila for New York, via the Suez canal.

Commander Sexton of the G. A. R. says he favors the same Memorial day for the blue and gray.

Fifteen thousand silk operatives at Col. field, the German silk manufacturing center, are on a strike.

At Odessa, Mo., John Lockhart was kicked in the groin and fatally injured while shoeing a horse.

Cost of repairs on the battleship Massachusetts, which recently ran on a rock in New York harbor, may reach \$50,000.

The grand jury at Louisville, Ky., has returned indictments against ten persons charged with selling cigarettes to minors.

Marquis Ito of Japan is reported to have said that there is no man in China capable of saving the empire from collapse.

A Holstein cow belonging to Joseph Lowthrop of Decatur, Ala., gave birth to a calf with no fore legs. It is lively and bids fair to live.

The Emperor of China is said to have asked the assistance of the powers in deposing the Dowager Empress and restoring him to rightful powers.

While designated as military governor of the city of Havana, Gen. Ludlow will exercise all civil functions, under direct authority of the President.

The United States, according to reports received at the State Department, will soon surpass England in the value of machinery exports to Germany.

The Senate Committee on Commerce has agreed to the subcommittee's report on the floods in the Mississippi river valley, their causes and prevention.

During a recent storm on the Pacific coast, at Point Reyes, near San Francisco, the wind attained the terrible velocity of ninety-six miles an hour.

Edgar Sheets, aged 22, was accidentally shot and instantly killed by his brother, Johnnie Sheets, 14 years old, in the western part of Atchison County, Kan.

The Prince of Wales, it is announced, has practically recovered the use of his injured leg, and experiences only some slight difficulty in mounting and descending stairs.

The coal miners of the district comprising Crawford and Cherokee counties, in Kansas, have organized, and are now identified with the United Mine Workers of America.

The cruiser Chicago, reconstructed and capable of much greater speed than when she was taken out of commission over two years ago, has been placed in commission at the Brooklyn navy yard.

BIG FIRE AT TERRE HAUTE.

Loss of Property by Conflagration Estimated at \$1,000,000.

The worst fire in the history of the city of Terre Haute, Ind., occurred Monday night. The blaze started in the big show windows of the Havens & Geddes company, wholesale and retail dealers in dry goods and notions. It is supposed that a live electric wire set fire to the cotton with which the window was decorated, and before the blaze could be extinguished the fire spread to the decorations of evergreens in the store and the building was wrapped in flames in an incredibly short space of time. A conservative estimate of the damage is \$1,000,000, and the following firms are the losers:

Havens & Geddes company.....\$500,000
Breinig & Miller, furniture.....25,000
Pitney & Co., stationery.....25,000
Terre Haute Shoe Co., wholesale.....150,000
Albrecht & Co., retail dry goods.....150,000
United States Baking Company.....80,000
Thornan & Schloss, clothing.....50,000

There were a number of small concerns which were utterly annihilated in the fall of the rear wall of the Havens & Geddes wholesale house, and the loss in their case will more than bring the total losses up to the \$1,000,000 mark.

The fire started at 5:30 o'clock, when half the employees of the establishment were at their homes for supper. There is a force of 300 or more in the retail department of the establishment

THE CHELSEA STANDARD

An independent local newspaper published every Thursday afternoon from its office in the basement of the Turnbull & Wilkinson block, Chelsea, Mich.

BY O. T. HOOVER.

Terms:—\$1.00 per year; 6 months, 50 cents; 3 months, 25 cents.
Advertising rates reasonable and made known on application.
Entered at the postoffice at Chelsea, Mich., as second-class matter.

Suburban Rumors

LONDON.

Mr. and Mrs. Ferd Bowdish were Grass Lake visitors Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Orson Beeman visited friends in Hastings recently.

Mrs. Sanders and daughter, Anna spent Christmas at Eaton Rapids, their former home.

Wirt Leek and sister, Inez, of Ypsilanti are spending their Christmas vacation with their parents.

John Foster and sister, Edna recently attended the wedding of their sister, Amy to Fred Wellman of Mont Hope.

NORTH LAKE.

Miss Nora Reade is at home from the Normal spending vacation.

Miss Mary Whalian is recovering very fast from a severe attack of lung fever.

Look out for wedding bells. 'Tis good to wed, 'tis good to wed, the Lord decreed it so."

E. L. Glenn and family of Gregory spent Christmas with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Glenn.

Several young couples from here went to Ann Arbor on Wednesday to hear the Webb will case.

R. M. Glenn and family of Putman were pleasant caller at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Whalian on Tuesday.

The Christmas exercises on Monday evening by the Sunday-school and League were well rendered and very interesting.

LIMA.

G. Yernace has rented his farm to Henry Neib.

Mrs. John Grau, jr., spent Christmas with her parents at Sylvan.

Jacob Luick received quite severe bruises by falling from a load one day last week.

Mrs. Jehn Heller and children spent part of Sunday and Monday with Michael Kaercher and family.

Our pastor preached a very appropriate Christmas sermon last Sunday morning which was attentively listened to by a good sized congregation.

Miss Lillian Gerard gave a neat little school entertainment last Friday in the Bowen district. Santa Claus was there with his basket of goodies, and pleased the scholars with his old time pranks and funny sayings. He took his departure with an empty basket.

SYLVAN.

Herman Dancer of Jackson spent Christmas with his parents.

Chas. Stephenson of Anderson spent Friday at Wm. Salisbury's.

Miss Clara Vogelbacker of Wayne is the guest of Mrs. Mary Merker.

Mrs. Myra Hadly is the guest of her parents Mr. and Mrs. R. J. West.

Geo. Young and Chas. Coulson of Jackson spent Christmas in the vicinity.

E. Burton Kellogg is spending the holidays with his parents and friends at this place.

Wm. Coulson and family of Midland county are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. James Young.

Rev. Carl G. Zeidler of Detroit occupied the pulpit of the Christian Union last Sunday evening.

Miss Amanda Merker of Detroit and Miss Minnie Merker of Flint are spending the holidays at home.

The Christian Union will give a social at the home of Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Conklin, Friday evening, January 6, 1899.

SHARON.

Fred Bruestle was in Jackson on business Monday.

Miss Emma Lehman of Detroit spent a few days here.

August Oversmith of the U. of M. is spending his vacation here.

Rev. Bradley is holding meeting at the Irwin school house this week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Bruestle visited their son in Bridgewater Monday.

Mrs. L. Cooper and son of Langsburg and Mr. Hurd are visiting at A. G. Cooper's.

Harry O'Neil of Detroit made his parents a short visit the first of the week.

Misses Mae Dorr and Esther Reno of Jackson spent Christmas with their parents.

Mr. and Mrs. L. B. Lawrence ate Christmas dinner at A. Green's, Manchester.

The Craft school held a Christmas entertainment at their school house on Friday evening. The excellent program was appreciated by a large audience.

The schools of district No. 8 and 9 gave an entertainment at the Irwin school house last Friday evening which was well attended. The pupils rendered their parts with credit. The Christmas tree was tastefully decorated and after the exercises Santa Claus paid the children a visit.

UNADILLA.

Gratia and Wirt Dunning are home for the holidays.

Mr. Colton of Jackson spent Christmas at John Dunning's.

Miss Inez Marshall is home from Jackson to spend the holidays.

Lewis Roepcke and family spent Saturday with relatives in Lyndon.

Miss Mabel Ives of Ypsilanti visited Mrs. A. C. Watson Monday and Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Royal Barnum spent several days last week with friends in Ann Arbor.

Several from here attended the Christmas exercises at Gregory Saturday evening.

Miss Jean Pyper of Chelsea spent the latter part of last week with her parents here.

W. S. Livermore and Wm. Pyper were in Ann Arbor last week as witnesses in the Webb will case.

Robert Bond, Perry Mills, Lyman Barton and Harrison Hadley were at Ann Arbor Tuesday as witnesses in the Webb will case.

Ed. Joslin and family of Howell, Mr. and Mrs. Sylvester Noble and Mrs. Fannie Chapman were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Joslin Saturday.

Chas. Hartsuff was surprised Thursday evening by a company of young friends who enjoyed themselves with games, etc., until the wee small hours of the morning.

F. M. Douglas and family of Ionia spent Christmas with Mrs. Douglas's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Livermore. Mrs. Livermore accompanied them to their home Monday for a visit.

Mr. and Mrs. Allyn and daughter, Bernice and Sam Shultz of North Lake, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Watson and son, John Douglas, Mrs. Myra May and daughter, Mrs. Minnie Mills were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Pyper Saturday.

The Lincoln Athletic and Entertainment Club organized Tuesday evening last with 20 members and elected the following officers: President, G. C. Allen; vice president, Wirt Barnum; secretary, Harry Heatley; treasurer, Emmett Hadley; door-keeper, Jay Hadley. Meetings, Tuesday and Friday evenings at 7:30.

News was received from Ann Arbor Thursday last of the death of Miss Katie Budd from consumption. Miss Budd resided here for several years and was loved by all who knew her. Her genial ways and winsome smile won for her a place in the hearts of both young and old and she leaves behind a host of friends who mourn her loss. The funeral was held Sunday afternoon at the M. E. church in Stockbridge. A large number including the Sunday-school class (of which she was a member), from this place attending.

COUNTY AND VICINITY.

Rev. J. G. Haigh, of the Grass Lake Congregational church has offered his resignation to take effect April 1st.

Before it was settled that the town was to have electric lights in the streets, there were those who "didn't care whether it ever had them or not." But now that a contract has been made, it is noticeable that every mother's son in town is mighty anxious to have the current turned on.—Dexter Leader.

Two doctors were hastily summoned to rooms over one of the stores on Main street last night upon report that a man had taken laudanum with intent. The fellow had simply taken some cough medicine and had, in a joke, frightened those about him with the announcement that he was going to kill himself. One of the doctors reached the scene and, notwithstanding remonstrances, forced a stomach pump down his throat and divorced everything inside of him from his constitution. It was a joke that acted like a boomerang.—Evening Times.

Elmer Bassett, 34 Michigan Volunteers, went to Ionia Friday when he received his papers and was mustered out of service. Being one who was at the front at the battle of Santiago, Elmer can tell much that would be of interest to many of us. His sickness while at Boston was a hard pull for him.—Saline Observer.

There remains but little doubt with those who know anything of the Joslyn lake drowning affair of a few weeks ago that young B., is anywhere but in the bottom of the lake. Those who were with him disagree as to what direction he left the boat, and neither of them saw him at a greater distance than 30 feet away. The bottom of the lake on that side is muddy and heavy, and it is generally believed that is what holds him down.—Saline Observer.

Those who left Ypsilanti on the 12:45 electric car last night were treated to a fine electrical display on the way to Ann Arbor. It seems that some workmen were engaged in repairing a broken trolley wire, down in a hollow, and as the approaching car had not been warned, it ran right into the break. The wire danced around in a manner discounting the most expert skirt dancer, all the time emitting lightning in great quantities. Several lamps were burned out and it was reported that one man was injured in the eye but the Argus is unable to verify the report.—Ann Arbor Argus-Democrat.

To Jog His Memory.

Dean Pigon says that many clergymen cannot trust themselves to repeat the most familiar prayers of the liturgy from memory, and he tells how Archdeacon Sinclair was much put out because he (Dean Pigon) sat directly behind him at a public meeting. The dean was puzzled, but understood all when the archdeacon removed his hat and knelt to pray. In the view of his hat was printed in large letters, "Prevent us, O Lord," etc.

Confuted by an Axiom.

"Now, children, I want you all to remember that James Watt discovered the wonderful steam engine by simply watching the kettle boil."
"Please, ma'am, I don't just see how that could be."
"Why not?"
"Cause watch pots niver boils."—Brooklyn Life.

MILLIONS GIVEN AWAY.

It is certainly gratifying to the public to know of one concern in the land who are not afraid to be generous to the needy and suffering. The proprietors of Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds, have given away over ten million trial bottles of this great medicine; and have the satisfaction of knowing it has absolutely cured thousands of hopeless cases. Asthma, bronchitis, hoarseness and all diseases of the throat, lungs, chest and lungs are surely cured by it. Call on Glazier & Stimson druggists and get a trial bottle free. Regular size 50c and \$1. Every bottle guaranteed, or price refunded.

CONSUMPTION CURE—WARNER'S WHITE WINE OF TAR SYRUP, the best cough remedy on earth, cures a cold in one day if taken in time. 25 and 50 cents.

For Sale. House and 2 1/2 acres of land on E. Railroad street. Inquire of Mrs. E. E. Martin.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price, 25c per box for sale by Glazier & Stimson Druggists.

Get your calling cards at The Standard office. "The latest out."

A CLEVER TRICK.

It certainly looks like it, but there is really no trick about it. Anybody can try it who has lame back and weak kidneys, malaria or nervous troubles. We mean he can cure himself right away by taking Electric Bitters. This medicine tones up the whole system, acts as a stimulant to liver and kidneys, is a blood purifier and nerve tonic. It cures constipation, headache, fainting spells, sleeplessness and melancholy. It is purely vegetable, a mild laxative, and restores the system to its natural vigor. Try Electric Bitters and be convinced that they are a miracle worker. Every bottle guaranteed. Only 50c a bottle at Glazier & Stimson's drug store.

OIL! Dean & Co.'s Red Star Oil has no equal in quality. Gives a white light which is free from smoke and odor. Does not char the wick. We sell it. Penn & Vogel.

For Sale—A very nice set of light bobs suitable for pleasure or delivery sleighs. James Beckwith, Sylvan.

WANTED!

Reliable man in this vicinity to open a small office and handle my goods. Position permanent and good pay. If your record is O. K. here is an opening for you. Kindly mention this paper when writing. A. T. MORRIS, Cincinnati, O.

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, IN THE CIRCUIT COURT for the County of Washtenaw.—In Chancery.

AMY E. SHARP Complainant, vs. JAMES SHARP Defendant.

Suit pending in the Circuit Court for the County of Washtenaw, in Chancery, at a session of said court held on the 23d day of November A. D. 1898.
Present Hon. E. D. Kinné Circuit Judge.
In this cause (it appearing from affidavit on file, that the defendant James Sharp is not a resident of this state, but resident of the City of Minneapolis in the state of Minnesota, on motion of G. W. Turnbull Complainant's Solicitor, it is ordered that the said defendant James Sharp cause his appearance to be entered here, within four months from the date of this order, and in case of his appearance that he cause his answer to the complainant's bill of complaint to be filed, and a copy thereof to be served on said complainant's solicitor, within twenty days after service on him of a copy of said bill, and notice of this order; and that in said bill, and notice of this order, and that in default thereof, said bill be taken as confessed by the said non-resident defendant James Sharp. And it is further ordered, that within twenty days the said complainant cause a notice of this order, to be published in the Chelsea Standard a newspaper printed, published and circulating in said county, and that such publication be continued thereat at least once in each week, for six weeks in succession, or that complainant cause a copy of this order to be personally served on said non-resident defendant, at least twenty days before the time above prescribed for his appearance.)
E. D. KINNÉ, Circuit Judge.
G. W. Turnbull Complainant's Solicitor.
(A TRUE COPY.)
48 Philip Bunin, Jr., Deputy Register.

COMMISSIONERS' NOTICE.
STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, s.s. The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said county Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of Geo. Loefler, late of said county deceased, hereby give notice that six months from date are allowed, by order of said probate court, for creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will meet at the late residence of said deceased in the Town of Freedom, in said county, on Tuesday the 28th day of February, and on Monday the 29th day of May, next, at 10 o'clock a. m. of each of said days, to receive, examine and adjust said claims.
Dated, Nov. 28, 1898.
GOTTFRIED EISENMANN, Commissioner.

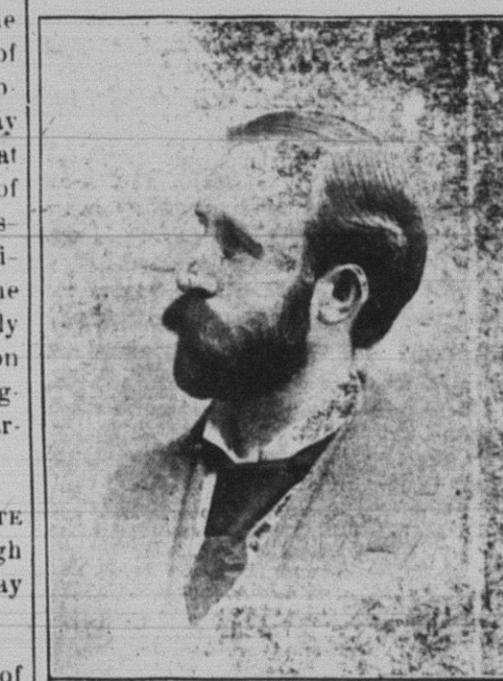
CHANCERY SALE.

In pursuance and by virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for the county of Washtenaw, state of Michigan, in chancery, made and entered the 28th day of May, 1898, in a certain cause therein pending where George Mast is complainant and Wm. F. Stieglmaier, Mary Stieglmaier and Stoddard W. Twitchell are defendants.

Notice is hereby given that I will sell at public auction at the east front door of the Court House in the city of Ann Arbor in said county that being the building in which the Circuit Court for the said county is held, on Tuesday, January 17th, 1899, at 10 o'clock in forenoon of said day the following described real estate: Lot twelve (12) in block three (3) in John F. Lawrence's addition to the city of Ann Arbor and a strip of land eight (8) feet wide off from the north side of lot thirteen (13) in said block three (3).
Dated, Ann Arbor, Mich., Nov. 28th, 1898.
O. ELMER BUTTERFIELD, Circuit Court Commissioner.

Arthur Brown, Solicitor for Complainant. 48

ACTIVE SOLICITORS WANTED EVERYWHERE for "The Story of the Philippines" by Mac T. Hildreth, commissioned by the Government as official Historian to the War Department. The book was written in army camps at San Francisco, on the Pacific with General Merritt, in the hospitals at Honolulu, in Hong Kong, in the American trenches at Manila, in the insurgent camps with Aguinaldo, on the deck of the Olympia with Dewey, and in the rear of battle at the fall of Manila. Banners for legends. Brimful of original pictures taken by government photographers on the spot. Large book. Low price. Big profits. Freight paid. Credit given. Drop all bulky worded war books. Outfit free. Address, E. T. Barber, Sec'y, Star Insurance Building, Chicago. 11



THIS IS THE MAN WHO MAKES THEM.

GRACEFUL LINES.

Clothesmaking is both an art and a science. The graceful lines and perfect fit, combined with comfort, which are so much admired and envied in well-dressed men, do not come by accident, and are not always due to a fine figure. All

Suits and Overcoats

designed by me are cut scientifically, adapted to the individual figure and artistically finished.

J. GEO. WEBSTER, MERCHANT TAILOR.

FIRST ANNUAL

CLEARING SALE

OF—

Buggies and Surries.

Desiring to clear my hall I will offer the Buggies and Surries I have left at prices unheard of. Come and look them over and get prices.

Robes and Blankets.

I have a splendid lot of Robes and Blankets bought direct from the factory (thereby saving you jobbers profit) and I shall offer them at prices to move them quickly. My stock of Harness is complete. Also Trunks, Whips, Curry Combs, Brushes and all kinds of Horse Furnishing Goods. Machine and Harness Oils, Axle Grease of the best quality.

Musical Instruments.

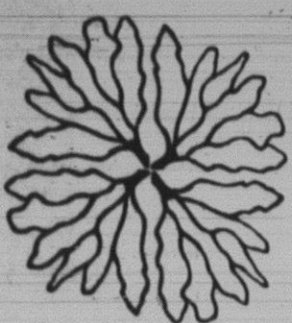
I have a good assortment of Musical Instruments, Books, Folios, Ten Cent Sheet Music, Strings for all the leading instruments. If you wish to buy a Piano or Organ call and see me and get prices before purchasing.

Sewing Machines.

I am sole Agent for the Standard Sewing Machine the world's pride. Call and see them.

C. STEINBACH.

NEW YEAR'S GIFTS



are now in order. If you are looking for something in this line stop at the

BANK DRUG STORE.

This is a holiday week but nevertheless we wish to remind you of the fact that you can always find good TEA at the Bank Drug Store.

You can depend upon getting the Highest Market Price for Eggs at the Bank Drug Store.

You can depend upon getting Pure Spices and Pure Extracts if you trade with us.

Try our New Orleans Molasses at 25c per gallon.

Try our Light Table Syrup at 25c per gallon.

Everything in the line of Drugs.

GLAZIER & STIMSON.

It will Pay you to Call on

L. & A. E. WINANS

before buying your

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS

See their stock, get their prices and spend your money

Watches from \$3.00 to \$25.00 all sizes, grades and kinds.

20 year filled cases and guaranteed movements from \$10 up.

Clocks, watches, chains, charms, rings, pins, thimbles and all kinds of things to suit your taste and pocket book.

ALL ROADS LEAD TO

FARRELL'S PURE FOOD STORE

Where you'll always find a complete stock of first-class

Groceries, Crockery, Lamps, Rubber Goods, Gloves

and Mittens, Candy, Nuts, Tinware, and Notions.

WE ARE NEVER UNDERSOLD.

JOHN FARRELL

HOLIDAY GOODS.

While we are not strictly headquarters for holiday Goods

We Have Them and Cheap Too.

Those Morocco leather, kid lined purses for 15c are winners. We have others for 20, 25 and 40c.

Gents' bill books 20, 25 and 30c. It will pay you to look them over. We have rings, pins, children's neck chains, belt buckles, bracelets, sleeve buttons, etc., that you can buy for less than cost.

Gents' silk handkerchiefs 35 and 50c. Gents' linen handkerchief 4 for 25c and some 3 for 25c.

Ladies' hemstitched embroidered handkerchiefs 10c or 3 for 25c. 50 and 65c neck scarfs for 25c.

GLOVES AND MITTENS.

We have cheap gloves and mittens that are good, and good gloves and mittens that are cheap.

If you want your friends to think of you the last thing at night and the first thing in the morning come and buy a pair of those \$4.50 all-wool bed blankets. These are only a few of the numerous articles we have that are suitable for Christmas gifts.

Don't forget to call and see what we have.

Boyd's Building, 126 South Main Street.

Trim, McGregor & Harper.

Local Brevities

Better begin practicing writing it 1899.

Staffan & Son commenced filling their ice house at Cavanaugh on Monday.

Rev. Carl S. Jones will preach in the Congregational church Sunday, January 1st.

Robert Leach has ice house at Cedar Lake, and does not intend to run out of ice next season.

You will find a sugar bowl full of pure, sweet candy, at the town hall, Monday evening, January 2.

The Ann Arbor Railway Company expects to cut 100 acres of ice at Whitmore Lake this year.

Married, on Wednesday, December 28, 1898, Miss Jessie Walker and Lester E. Canfield, both of Ann Arbor.

Albert E. Winans drew the set of dishes given away at the Christmas exercises of St. Mary's church last evening.

Leach & Downer will open a meat market on Saturday, in the building first door west of Glazier & Stimson's.

Miss Jean Pyper while pouring out a cup of tea at Boyd's hotel on Thursday last, had her hands badly scalded.

The Frederick Stearns musical collection donated to the University, will not be open to inspection before February 1.

Miss Olive Conklin will entertain the young people of the B. Y. P. U. at her home on Summit street east this evening.

Lewis Conk and J. S. Cummings has just purchased two fine Ludwig & Co. pianos from W. L. Crego, agent for the Ann Arbor Music Co.

The Christmas decorations at the Baptist church this year were very handsome and artistic. The work was under the supervision of R. D. Gates.

There will be no fraud in voting at the town hall Monday evening, as the Australian system will be employed and the prizes will go to whom they belong.

The Ladies' Aid Society and Epworth League will give an oyster supper at the town hall, Monday evening, January 2, 1899. Admission 10 cents. Supper 15 cents.

The Bay View Reading Circle has postponed its meeting from January 2nd to January 9th, they will meet at the same place, and the same program will be carried out.

The O. E. S. will have a social at Masonic hall, December 30th. All Masons and their families are cordially invited. A program will be rendered. Refreshments will be served for 10 cents.

Fenn & Vogel are getting settled in their new store in the Staffan block. It is finished in oak, and is the handsomest store in the village. The woodwork was put up under the supervision of C. W. Maroney.

President James B. Angell, in his annual report for the year ending September 30, 1898, estimates that there is one Michigan student in the University of Michigan for every 1,342 inhabitants of the state.

Mrs. E. N. Law of Detroit, who is so well and favorably known here as an interesting lecturer, will be in Chelsea to give public addresses on the 8th and 9th January. Further notice will be given next week.

The man in the moon had a black eye about 7 o'clock Tuesday evening. According to the calendar it was a total eclipse, visible generally throughout north and south America, Europe, Asia and Africa.

Mr. Lake a student of the University who has made a thorough study of palmistry will be present at the entertainment given by the ladies of the M. E. church January 2nd and will read your character from your hand at 10c each.

A white deer was shot in Mackinac county, recently, but the hunter who shot it was not aware that such a one had any exceptional value, and made no effort to preserve the skin. Now he wishes he had, for he has found out that a perfect mounted specimen of a white deer is worth about \$300.

St. Mary's church was the scene of a quiet wedding last Wednesday morning at nine o'clock, when Mr. Jason Berry, a wealthy and esteemed resident of Stockbridge and Mrs. Jane Geraghty, an estimable lady of Lyndon were united in the holy bonds of matrimony. Mr. Daniel McLaughlin of Lyndon and Mrs. Joseph Geraghty of Dexter attended the happy couple. Mr. and Mrs. Berry left for a brief wedding trip to Detroit and on their return will live in Stockbridge where the groom has an elegant home. Their hosts of friends tender hearty congratulations for a happy wedded life.

Every farmer carries on more or less correspondence and there is no good reason why he should not have printed stationery. Have a neat letter head, with name, address and date line, and if engaged in breeding pure bred stock of any kind say so. Have name and address printed on envelopes. Come to The Standard office and leave an order for some stationery.

The supper and social given by the ladies of St. Mary's church was a great success. There was an immense crowd present, and a most interesting program was carried out. The proceeds went to extinguish the church debt on the pipe organ, and St. Mary's church can congratulate itself on the accomplishment of that purpose. Heartly thanks are returned to all who made the social such a great success.

A very pleasant event transpired on Tuesday evening, December 20, 1898, at the residence of Mrs. Sarah Page, at Michigan Center. Mr. Benjamin C. Turner, a member of Company D, of the 31st Regiment of Michigan Volunteers, at home on sick furlough, on the eve of rejoining his regiment, was united in marriage to Miss Edith Mack, a very worthy and highly esteemed young lady, by Rev. Thomas Holmes, D. D., of Chelsea.

At the home of Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Faunce of Fowlerville, gathered a happy company of twenty-two to celebrate Christmas and the fifty-second anniversary of their marriage. The time was pleasantly spent with reminiscences of pioneer days and stories of travel by grandpa, Christmas recitation and music, to say nothing of the Christmas dinner which, as usual, was looked upon by the smaller members of the company as one of the chief features of the day. There are six children, seventeen grandchildren and two great grandchildren. Mr. and Mrs. James Kellam were among those present.

Died, on Tuesday night, December 27, 1898, at the home of his mother in Detroit, Burt E. Sparks, son of Mrs. D. E. Sparks, aged 30 years. He was a former Chelsea boy, and was well known by all our readers. He has been ill for several years with diabetes, and his death has been expected for some time, but it comes as a terrible blow to his friends. His mother and brother and sisters have the sympathy of their many friends here in their affliction. His remains will be brought to Chelsea, and funeral services will be held at the residence of J. G. Hoover Friday afternoon at 1 o'clock. The interment will be at Oak Grove cemetery by the side of his father who passed away four years ago.

Personal Mention

H. S. Holmes spent Tuesday at Detroit.

L. Tichenor was a Dexter visitor Tuesday.

G. E. Davis spent Christmas at Grass Lake.

J. S. Cummings spent Tuesday at Detroit.

Miss Ella Barber is visiting relatives in Holly.

Miss Nellie Lowry was in Ann Arbor Saturday.

Mrs. Frank L. Davidson spent Saturday at Detroit.

Miss Myrta Irwin is a Lansing visitor this week.

Charles Messner spent the holidays at Marshall.

Mr. and Mrs. Reese spent Christmas at Coldwater.

Oron Bury of Ann Arbor is the guest of friends here.

M. J. Graham is spending a couple of days in Jackson.

Mr. and Mrs. I. Stimson of Parma spent Christmas here.

N. F. Prudden is spending this week at Mt. Pleasant.

J. H. Hollis returned Saturday from his western trip.

Henry Dancer of Northfield spent the first of week here.

Geo. Harper spent Christmas with his family at Ypsilanti.

Miss Bessie Winans is spending the holidays at Lansing.

Chas. T. Bachman of Allendale is visiting relatives here.

G. T. English spent several days of the past week at Detroit.

Mr. and Mrs. R. P. Glenn of Marion spent Christmas here.

Mrs. Wm. Grant of Jackson spent the first of the week here.

Miss Annie Bacon of Coldwater is visiting her parents here.

Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Beckwith spent Christmas at Napoleon.

C. T. Tryon of Ann Arbor spent a couple of days last week here.

Miss Ella Morton of the U. of M. visited her parents this week.

Miss Francis Wallace of Jackson is visiting her parents here.

Mr. and Mrs. James Kellam visited at Fowlerville over Sunday.

P. D. BeGole of Ypsilanti spent Christmas with Chelsea friends.

Mrs. Comstock and children of Albion are visiting relatives here.

Miss Irene Gilbert of Ann Arbor is the guest of Mrs. A. R. Welch.

Allen Wilkinson of Ann Arbor spent Friday and Saturday here.

Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Lowry spent part of the week at Ann Arbor.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Pinegar spent the first of the week at Jackson.

Mrs. H. G. Hoag of Detroit is the guest of her son E. G. Hoag.

Mrs. Wm. Barr of Saline has been spending the past week here.

Miss Nettie Hoover of Ypsilanti spent Sunday with her parents here.

Henry Seckinger and Howard Boyd spent Christmas at Manchester.

Alva Steger of Detroit is spending the holidays with his parents here.

Mrs. F. P. Glazier and son Harold were Ann Arbor visitors Wednesday.

Miss Nellie Bacon of Ypsilanti is at her home here for the holidays.

Malvin King of Ypsilanti is the guest of John Stiegelmaier and family.

Miss Charlotte Steinbach of Ypsilanti spent Christmas at her home here.

Edward Bacon and family of Ann Arbor spent a part of the week here.

A. R. Congdon and family of Dexter spent Christmas with relatives here.

Mr. and Mrs. Warner of Ypsilanti are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Clark.

Emil Kantlehner of Jackson spent the first of the week with his parents here.

W. H. Wood of Mt. Pleasant spent a few days of the past week in this vicinity.

Mrs. Letta Stedman of Ann Arbor spent Christmas with Mr. and Mrs. O. C. Burkhardt.

Miss Nettie Howell of Ann Arbor was the guest of Miss Maggie Nickerson this week.

Germaine Foster has gone to Grass Lake, where he is in the employ of his brother.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Dancer of Stockbridge have been visiting friends here this week.

Mrs. G. J. Crowell was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Storrs Crafts of Sharon Christmas.

Mrs. Conrad Spinnagle and sister, Mrs. Amelia Schwartz are spending today at Ann Arbor.

Miss Leora Laird who is teaching Bad Axe is spending the holidays with her parents here.

Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Chandler and daughter of Detroit are spending the holidays here.

Mrs. E. Bury and daughter of Ridgeway, Ont., are the guests of relatives here this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. H. Purchase of Detroit have been the guests of relatives here this week.

Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Reilly of Grand Rapids are the guests of their son W. D. Reilly this week.

Herbert Dancer of Duluth, Wis., spent several days of this with his aunt, Mrs. O. C. Burkhardt.

Mrs. Amelia Schwartz and daughter of Coldwater is the guests of her sister, Mrs. Conrad Spinnagle.

Mr. and Mrs. O. C. Burkhardt and family spent Monday with Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Dancer of Ann Arbor.

Miss Minnie Steinbach of Ann Arbor has been spending a few days with Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Wackenhut.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Watkins and two children were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Gilbert this week.

Miss Cora Taylor and friend, Miss Bailey, of Jackson were the guests of J. B. Taylor and family over Christmas.

Wm. F. Kress of Era, Colorado returned to Freedom on Wednesday last, where he will spend some time with his parents.

Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Watkinson and A. W. Skellington of Windsor, Ont., spent Christmas with Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Buss.

O. C. Burkhardt and family and I. Storms and family and Mrs. Mary Rockwell spent Saturday with Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Boynton.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Watson have been entertaining Dr. and Mrs. W. J. Stapish of Anderson, Ind., and Miss Eva Foster of Chicago.

James and Irene Birch of Bunker Hill and Michael J. Price of Parma were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Graham the past week.

Mrs. O. Gorton of Jackson and Mrs. Ada Chadwick and daughter of Stockbridge spent Christmas with Mr. and Mrs. R. Green.

Mr. and Mrs. O. H. Kellogg and Miss Ethel Whipple of Jackson, and Mrs. E. R. Sparks of Kalamazoo, were the guests of Dr. and Mrs. W. S. Hamilton Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Hough have been entertaining Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Breckenridge and Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Root of Coldwater, and Mr. and Mrs. B. W. Herring of Litchfield.

Tommie Wilkinson arrived home from Porto Rico Saturday evening. He tells many interesting stories concerning that island. He is feeling well, and says that they were given good grub, and when they were in the mountains away from the coast their health was good.

Farm for Sale—75 acres, good buildings and fruits; under good cultivation. Inquire of Lewis Yager, Lima. 48

MONSTER CLEARING SALE.

Now that the holiday rush is over we begin our annual bargain sale of winter goods. Odds and ends and broken lots must all be closed out. We won't carry them over. We have had January Clearing Sales before and everybody remembers them as the truest and by far the most liberal clearance bargain sales ever attempted in Washtenaw county. We are going to make this sale a record breaker by giving our customers greater values for their money than ever before during a

JANUARY CLEARING SALE.

IT IS OUR

Greatest Sale!

YOUR GREATEST OPPORTUNITY.

Every department will have a hand in this sale and that means an opportunity to buy

Dry Goods Cheap.

Carpets Cheap.

Jackets and Capes Cheap.

Clothing Cheap.

Hats and Caps Cheap.

Underwear Cheap.

Furnishing Goods Cheap.

Shoes Cheap.

WATCH FOR PRICES.

W. P. SCHENK & COMPANY.

SPECIAL SALE.

Commencing December 21st and continuing until January 1st we offer bargains in

FURNITURE

never before heard of. We have an elegant line of Furniture that must be sold regardless of cost to make room for a large consignment of goods that will arrive the first of the year.

Owing to a mistake of a large chair factory we received 6 dozen ladies' oak sewing chairs regular price \$2.00 they are going at **\$1.25**. We could not do this only owing to the fact that they made a great reduction from the regular list to induce us to keep them. You are the gainers by their mistake. Just the thing for Christmas.

Dining Chairs \$2.40 per set and upwards.

Ladies' Sewing Chair from \$1.00 up.

Full size Couches, velour, elegant patterns from \$4.95 up.

We have an elegant line of Fancy Rockers which we will close out at your own price.

EVERYTHING IS INCLUDED IN THIS SALE.

Chamber suits, oak dining tables, Roman chairs, center tables, reception chairs, foot stools, sleds, doll cabs, shoo-flys, wagons, carts, iron beds, etc., etc.

Come Early and Make your Selections.

YOURS FOR BARGAINS.

STAFFAN Furniture & Undertaking Co.

The Bent Glass Front. Main Street South.

WE WISH YOU A HAPPY 1899 YEAR.

NEW

To be thoroughly happy and satisfied man must have good digestion, and to have good digestion he must partake of fresh, clean, pure, wholesome food: the kind of food you will find at

FREEMAN'S.

IT WILL SURELY HELP TO MAKE YOU HAPPY to have your Coffee for breakfast of the right flavor, say like our 25c blend of Mocha and Java. It's the coffee that satisfies everybody; it is grown "just right," blended "just right," roasted "just right," and tastes "just right." If it is a stranger to you buy a pound; try it, and see if we have

Described it Just Right.

FOR NEW YEAR'S

WE OFFER:

25 gallons Extra Standard Oysters at 25c a quart.

Large sweet navel oranges at 30c a dozen.

Fancy seedling oranges at 25c a dozen.

A new lot (200 pounds) fancy mixed nuts at 12-12c a pound. These nuts are the best we have seen this season.

Fancy Naples walnuts at 15c pound.

4 quarts Michigan cranberries for 25c.

And the best place to buy good eatables in this prosperous little city.

FREEMAN'S.

RECORD OF A YEAR.

Important Events Crowded the Past Twelve Months.

MUCH HISTORY MADE.

The Year 1898 Will Be Remembered as a Most Notable One.

A Chronological Review Shows It to Have Been Remarkable in Many Respects—War with Spain Takes Foremost Place in the Interesting Record—Concise Story of That Victorious Conflict—International and Internal Dissensions Among European Countries—Disaster and Death at Home and Abroad.

To him who is concerned with history in the making there very rarely comes a year more heavily laden with important events than the year 1898. It has seen every state in Europe, except peaceful Scandinavia and the Dutch communities, face to face with either war or internal dissolution—some of them within measurable distance of both. Yet the greatest effects have not been in Europe; 1898 has seen the United States forced, not by any greed of power, but by its humanitarian ideals, to take its part in European relations. A brief but glorious armed conflict with Spain has been begun, prosecuted to its end and settled by a treaty of peace upon which the ink is scarcely dry. The inception of great political changes has been witnessed in China; two European rulers have come to their death; several men and women prominent in statecraft, military affairs, reform, literature and music, have passed away; the year has been marked by some terrible marine disasters, causing great loss of life; and fire, flood and storm have numbered their victims by scores and caused extensive loss of property.

The chronological table that follows gives the most important happenings of 1898, foremost among which are those of the war with Spain.

CONFLICT WITH SPAIN.

Events of the War Lately Won by the United States.

January.

25—U. S. battleship Maine, Capt. C. D. Sigsbee, U. S. N., is ordered to Havana, Cuba.

February.

3—The publication of a letter written by Senor Dupuy de Lome, Spanish minister to the United States, speaking disparagingly of President McKinley, leads to the Minister's resignation of his post and the appointment of Senor Luis Polo y Bernabe.

16—The U. S. battleship Maine, lying in the harbor of Havana, is destroyed and sunk by an explosion between 9 and 10 o'clock p. m.

17—Rear Admiral Sigsbee, commanding the North Atlantic squadron, orders a court of inquiry into the destruction of the Maine.

20—The request of the Spanish officials in Havana for a joint investigation into the loss of the Maine is declined.

21—The United States Senate orders an investigation into the Maine disaster.

March.

8—Congress votes to place \$500,000 on the unqualified disposal of President McKinley as an emergency fund.

10—Spain renounces against the presence of the United States fleet at Key West and against other measures of defense by our Government.

17—Facts concerning Cuba stated in the Senate by Senator Proctor, of Vermont, as the result of personal observation.

25—Court of inquiry report on the Maine sent to Congress.

April.

5—Consul General Lee recalled.

10—Consul General Lee leaves Cuba.

11—President McKinley sends a message to Congress recommending armed intervention in Cuba.

15—Army ordered to mobilize.

16—Senate bill regarding Cuba passed.

16—Congress votes against Cuban recognition.

16—Congress passes resolutions demanding the withdrawal of Spain from Cuba.

20—Queen opens Cortes with war speech. Government announces its opposition to privateering. President signs notification to the nations of intention to blockade.

21—Our minister at Madrid, Gen. Stewart L. Woodford, informed by the Spanish Minister of Foreign Affairs that diplomatic relations between Spain and the United States are terminated. President McKinley cables our ultimatum to Spain, demanding a reply by April 23.

23—Senor Polo y Bernabe, Spanish minister, renounces his passport and leaves Washington.

23—Cruiser New York, Sampson's flagship, captures Pedro, 2,000 tons, fifteen miles east of Havana. Cuban ports blockaded by the American squadron.

24—The President issues his proclamation calling for 125,000 volunteers.

24—(Sunday)—A Spanish decree declaring war against the United States was gazetted at Madrid.

25—Congress passes a resolution declaring that the state of war existed from April 21.

26—Recruiting volunteers began in New York City.

27—United States vessels bombard Matanzas. Seventh New York Regiment declines to enlist.

28—Commodore Dewey's fleet sails from Hongkong for Manila.

28—Spanish squadron sails from Cape Verde for the West Indies. New York shells Cabanas forts. U. S. cruiser Yale (Paris) arrives in New York.

30—Commodore Dewey's squadron arrives off Manila. Flagship New York fires on Spanish cavalry sharpshooters off Havana.

May.

1—U. S. cruiser Tokopa arrives at New York from Falmouth. Commodore Dewey's squadron destroys the Spanish fleet at Manila.

2—Cable from Manila to Hongkong cut by Commodore Dewey.

4—Battleship Oregon and gunboat Marietta sail from Rio Janeiro.

4—Commodore Dewey informs State Department of the seizure of Cavite.

5—Congress thanks Rear Admiral Dewey. The Gussie expedition sailed from Tampa.

11—Elizaga with Regley and four of the crew of the torpedo boat Winslow killed by a shell from the Spanish forts at Cardenas.

12—Admiral Sampson's squadron bombards the forts at San Juan, Porto Rico. The Spanish Cape Verde fleet arrives at Port de France, Martinique. Gussie expedition repulsed.

13—Commodore Dewey's fleet sails south to meet the Spanish squadron.

24—Spanish Cape Verde fleet sighted off Cardenas.

25—Rear Admiral Dewey reports on fall of Manila. Sagasta cabinet resigns. Spanish torpedo boat destroyer Torpedero disabled at Port de France, Martinique.

25—Spanish fleet leaves Cardenas. Gen. Merritt ordered to the Philippines as military governor. Gov. Blair authorizes

reorganization of disbanded Thirteenth Regiment.

17—Sagasta's new cabinet announced at Madrid.

18—Ninety thousand troops ordered to mobilize in Chickamauga.

20—Spanish fleet arrives at Santiago de Cuba.

23—Cruiser Charleston sails for Manila.

23—Troops A and C arrive at Camp Alger, Falls Church, Va.

24—The Spanish fleet is bottled up at Santiago.

25—Three transports with 2,588 men start for Manila. President issues a call for 75,000 more volunteers.

26—Oregon arrives in Key West. One of Spain's cabinet ministers said the country was willing to accept an honorable peace. Commodore Schley is in touch with the insurgent leaders. Florida expedition landed without opposition near Guantanamo, Cuba.

26—Spanish scout ships chased by American warships near Key West.

26—Commodore Schley reports the trapping of Cervera in the harbor of Santiago de Cuba. Cruiser Columbia arrives at New York, having been in collision with the British steamship Foscolio, which sank.

30—Troops embark at Tampa for Havana.

31—Rear Admiral Sampson's fleet bombards forts of Santiago de Cuba.

June.

1—Transports for Manila arrive at Honolulu, Hawaii, and the Boys in Blue become the guests of the city. Monitor Monadnock ordered to Manila from San Francisco.

2—Spain again appeals to the Powers to intervene.

3—American squadron bombards Santiago de Cuba.

4—Lieut. Hobson sinks cruiser Merrimack in the mouth of the harbor of Santiago de Cuba.

5—Fortifications of Santiago de Cuba reduced.

7—American squadron bombards and sinks batteries at Santiago. Monitor Monterey and collier Brutus sail for Manila.

8—Assault on fortifications of Guantanamo Bay.

9—House agrees on war revenue conference report.

10—Admiral Sampson reports he has held Guantanamo harbor since the 7th. Senate agrees on conference report on war revenue bill.

11—Four Americans at Calmanera are killed in a fight with the Spaniards.

13—Thirty-two transports with Shafter's troops sail for Santiago. President McKinley signs the war tax bill.

14—Two Americans and several hundred Spaniards killed in a battle at Calmanera.

15—Second expedition sailed from San Francisco for Manila. Great destruction results to Santiago forts through the use of the dynamite guns on the Vespertus.

17—Spanish squadron sailed from Cadiz and passed Gibraltar.

22—Transports with Gen. Shafter's troops arrive off Santiago.

22—Part of Shafter's troops landed.

23—Balance of troops landed without accident. Admiral Canaris's Cadiz fleet arrives at Island of Pagan.

24—Sixteen American soldiers killed and forty wounded in driving back Spanish soldiers at Santiago.

27—Commodore Watson to command fleet to attack Spanish home territory. President McKinley recommends thanks of Congress for Lieut. Hobson, and that he be transferred to the line.

28—President proclaiming blockade of Southern Cuba from Cape Frances to Cape Cruz.

29—Gen. Shafter reports he can take Santiago in forty-eight hours. The Senate thanks Lieut. Hobson and his men, naming each one personally.

30—Egyptian Government refused to let Canaris coal his fleet at Port Said.

July.

1—Shafter's army began the assault upon Santiago de Cuba, capturing the enemy's outer works.

2—Shafter renewed the attack upon Santiago, using about 1,000 in killed and wounded, and making 2,000 Spanish prisoners. The Spanish casualties probably exceeded those of the Americans.

3—Cervera's fleet, destroyed at Santiago, with great loss of life.

6—Spanish transport Alfonso XII, blown up off Murel by American gunboats.

10—Hobson, the hero of the Merrimack, and his comrades exchanged for Spanish prisoners outside Santiago.

7—President signs Hawaiian annexation resolution. Admiral Dewey took Subig and 1,300 prisoners.

11—Cruiser St. Louis brings Admiral Cervera and 746 prisoners to Portsmouth, N. H. Admiral Sampson's fleet bombarded Santiago.

12—Announced that yellow fever has broken out in Gen. Shafter's army.

14—Gen. Toral and the Spanish army surrendered Santiago at 3 p. m.

17—"Old Glory" raised over Santiago at noon.

18—President issues a proclamation providing for the government of Santiago. Seven American vessels bombard Manila and destroy seven Spanish ships.

21—Gen. Miles with 3,435 men on transports, conveyed by warships, starts to take Porto Rico. American gunboats capture Nipe and sink the Spanish cruiser Jorge Juan. Gen. Calixto Garcia, commander of the Cuban army of Eastern Cuba, owing to discontent because the American Government has ignored him and his troops in the surrender of Santiago, withdrew. News reached this country that the second expedition to reinforce Admiral Dewey had arrived at Cavite.

22—Aguinaldo declared himself dictator of the Philippines.

23—United States expedition for the Philippine Islands sailed from San Francisco.

24—Gen. Miles and 3,500 men reach Guantanamo, Porto Rico, and effect a landing.

26—Secretary Day, M. Cambon, French ambassador, and his first secretary, Thibault, confer with President McKinley in regard to terms of peace.

27—The port of Porto Rico, surrendered to Capt. Davis, of gunboat Dixie.

30—News of Gen. Merritt's arrival at Cavite received at Washington. Dewey informs the President that Aguinaldo, the Philippine insurgent chief, assumed a defiant attitude.

31—Spanish forces at Cavite made a sortie during a fierce storm on the American troops in the Malate trenches. They were repulsed with heavy loss. Ten of Gen. Merritt's men were killed and forty-eight wounded.

August.

2—President McKinley makes public the terms of peace offered to Spain by the United States.

4—The monitor Monterey and its consort Brutus, arrive at Manila. Gen. Shafter and his subordinates ask that the fleet be stationed at Santiago de Cuba be removed north.

5—Formal orders issued for the removal of Gen. Shafter's army to this country.

6—Spain accepts the terms of peace offered by the United States. General Guaymas, Porto Rico, captured by Gen. Haines' forces. Three Americans cornered.

8—Spain accepts President McKinley's peace terms. Certain representations were made regarding Cuba which were not accepted, however. Spaniards at Guantanamo lay down their arms and surrender to Brig. Gen. Ewers.

9—Gen. Ernst's brigade captured Coamo, Porto Rico, after a lively fight, in which several Pennsylvania volunteers were wounded. Two hundred Spaniards were taken prisoners. Spaniards attempt to retake the light-house at Cape San Juan, but are repulsed with heavy loss.

10—A protocol covering the peace terms of the United States has been agreed upon by M. Cambon, representing Spain, and President McKinley. Gen. Schwan's force of defeated Spanish troops at Mayaguez, Porto Rico, loss on our side two killed and one wounded.

11—Spain's cabinet formally accepted President McKinley's peace protocol and a telegram was sent to M. Cambon authorizing him to sign in behalf of Spain.

12—M. Cambon, French ambassador to the United States, signs the protocol and a cessation of hostilities is ordered.

13—President of the city of Manila, after stiff bombardment by Dewey.

Gen. Merritt leaves Manila for Paris to aid the Peace Commission.

5—Spanish Cortes convenes to consider peace proposals.

9—Gen. Otis, United States commander at

Manila, demanded the removal of the insurgents from that city.

10—Spanish Senate adopts the peace protocol.

12—situation at Manila reported critical.

13—Spanish Chambers of Deputies adopts the peace protocol.

16—Spanish Peace Commission appointed, with Senor Sagasta, President of the Senate, as President.

17—The Peace Commission of the United States sails for Paris.

18—Spanish Government issues an order for troops in the West Indies to return home.

20—The evacuation of the outlying positions in Porto Rico begun by the Spanish.

20—American and Spanish Commissioners meet in Paris.

October.

1—American and Spanish Peace Commissioners hold their first session.

4—American Peace Commission receives the report of Gen. Merritt in Paris.

18—Formal ceremony of raising the United States flag over San Juan takes place. American Commissioners refuse to assume any portion of Cuban debt.

24—Gen. Ortega, with the last of the Spanish soldiers, sails from Porto Rico for Spain.

26—Spanish soldiers captured at Manila during the war are released by United States.

27—Spanish Peace Commissioners accept conditions of the non-annexation of Cuban debt by United States.

November.

28—Terms of peace accepted by Spain.

December.

10—Treaty of peace with Spain signed at Paris.

GENERAL CHRONOLOGY.

Record of Events that Have Occurred During the Past Year.

January.

1—Officers of the Cuban provisional government sworn in.

2—Six persons burned to death at Jersey City, N. J.

3—Three persons killed by collapse of floor in city hall at London, Ont.

7—Theodore Durrant hanged for murder at St. Quentin prison, California.

8—Six men killed by explosion of an Ohio locomotive near West St. Louis, Mo.

15—Fifteen men drowned off Baudie by foundering of a French steamer. Six lives lost in a mine explosion near Pittsburgh, Kan. Death of Maj. Moses P. Handy.

17—Forty lives and \$1,000,000 worth of property destroyed by a tornado at Fort Smith, Ark.

16—Death of Hon. Benj. Butterworth, United States senator at West St. Louis, Mo. Thomasville, Ga.

19—Broad riots at Ancona, Italy.

20—Fire loss of \$600,000 at East Grand Forks, Minn.

22—Marriage of Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage and Mrs. Col. Collier. Destructive storm over the West and South.

25—Many persons burned to death in a conflagration at Spokane, Wash. \$1,500,000 worth of property destroyed at West St. Louis, Mo. Including Union elevator and Burlington freight depot, destroyed by fire.

27—January wheat sells for \$1.05 in Chicago. Steamer City of Duluth lost off St. Joseph, Mich.

29—Twenty persons killed in a smash-up on the Maine Central Railway at Orono. Ten men killed by caving in of North-west land tunnel in Chicago.

February.

1—Six lives lost by burning of the Alford House, Gloucester, N. Y. Schooler Bridge wrecked off Little Nahant and eight lives lost.

2—\$500,000 fire loss in Winnipeg, Manitoba.

3—Six persons killed in railway collision between a bridge over St. Lawrence River, near St. Regis Indian village. Many killed in riots in Crete. Opening of G. A. R. national encampment at Cincinnati.

10—Annihilation of Elizabeth, Empress of Austria, by an Italian anarchist at Geneva, Switzerland. \$200,000 fire at Livermore Falls, Me.

11—Fire wiped out New Westminster, B. C. and Jerome, Ariz.

12—Death of Judge Thos. M. Cooley at Ann Arbor, Mich. Hurricane on island of St. Vincent, West Indies, killed 300 persons and destroyed much property.

13—Lorenzo Snow chosen head of the Mormon church.

18—Death of Dr. John Hall. Death of Miss Winifred Davis.

20—Ten persons burned to death in an electric fire in Toledo.

23—Thirty-six men drowned by sinking of French boat Ville de Fenamp off Fenamp. Fifty miners entombed in coal shaft at Brownsville, Pa.

24—Seven persons killed and much property destroyed by windstorm at 14th St., N. Y., and kills five at Merritton, Ont.

25—Death of Miss Fanny Davenport.

27—Harcourt, Minn., destroyed by fire.

28—Death of ex-Secretary Thomas F. Bayard. Riot at Panama, Ill.

29—Death of Queen Louise of Denmark.

30—Hundreds of lives lost by floods in Japan.

October.

1—Great fire in Colorado Springs, Colo.

2—Flourage sale on South Atlantic coast.

5—In attempting to quell the rebellion of the Indians at Bear Lake, Minn., several soldiers were killed and wounded.

6—Great fire in Sidney, N. S. W.

9—\$200,000 fire at Atlantic City, N. J.

10—Great fire at Dawson City, Alaska.

11—Seven men killed by boiler explosion on torpedo boat Davis near Astoria, Ore.

12—Ten men killed in a race war at Harpersville, Miss.

24—Fire on the Brooklyn, N. Y., water front, loss, \$475,000.

25—French cabinet resigns.

31—New French cabinet formed. Japanese cabinet resigns.

November.

5—Eleven men killed by collapse of new Wonderland theater at Detroit. Seven men crushed to death in a mine near Wilkesbarre, Pa.

6—Explosion at Washington wrecked by gas explosion. Death of David A. Wells, economic writer.

7—Resignation of the Greek ministry.

8—General election.

9—Organization of Japan's new ministry completed.

10—New ministry formed in Greece. President Maso and secretaries of Cuban republic resign.

11—Death at Kirksville, Mo., robbed of \$32,000.

17—British ship Atlanta slugs off Oregon coast; 26 lives lost.

18—Death of John W. Keely, the inventor. Hackensack, N. J.

23—Burning of the Baldwin hotel and theater in San Francisco.

24—Great storm sweeps over the country; many lives lost at sea.

27—Death of Aetor C. W. Cockle. Six persons killed by boiler explosion near Fourteen Mile Slough, Cal.

28—Dynamite explosion in Havana kills 15 persons and injures 25 others.

December.

5—Opening of Congressional session.

10—Death of William Black, novelist.

11—Death of Gen. Calixto Garcia at Washington.

15—Death of ex-Senator Calvin S. Bree. Six persons killed in railway wreck at Madison, Fla.

16—Six persons killed by a train at Allentown, N. J. Burns of state of G. H. R. Sons department at Milwaukee; loss, \$90,000.

17—Death of Baron Ferdinand James de Rothschild in London. Twenty lives lost in steamship collision in the North Sea.

19—\$1,000,000 fire at Terre Haute, Ind.

12—Burning of Armour's elevator 6 and several lumber yards causes \$1,000,000 loss in Chicago.

14—Thousands killed by cyclone on Sumatra Island. Malay Archipelago. Edward Remont, violinist, falls dead in a San Francisco theater. Rail Bros. glass works burned at Muncie, Ind.; loss, \$28,000.

16—Chat mill of Mining & Mill Co. at East Liverpool, Ohio, burned; loss, \$100,000.

17—Great damage done and many people hurt by cyclone in Nebraska.

18—Business section of Ansburo, Mass., destroyed by fire. Destructive cyclone sweeps through Iowa, Kansas, Illinois and Wisconsin.

19—Death of William E. Gladstone.

22—Death of Edward Bellamy. Mine fire at Zollern, Prussia; 45 miners perish.

23—Italian cabinet resigns.

31—New cabinet formed in Italy.

June.

1—Death of tragedian Thos. W. Keene. Transmissippi exposition opens at Omaha.

4—Death of Capt. Chas. V. Gridley, of the cruiser Olympia at Manila.

7—Plant of Burgess Steel Co., Portsmouth, Ohio, burned; loss, \$400,000.

11—Case Power lighting in Detroit wheat deal destroyed by fire.

13—Resignation of the French ministry.

28—First-party cabinet formed in Japan.

30—Formation of the Peloux cabinet in Italy.

July.

2—Strike of stereotypers causes Chicago papers to suspend for four days.

4—French liner La Bourgoigne goes down off Sable

Rheumatism

Is caused by acid in the blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla neutralizes this acid and cures the aches and pains. Do not suffer any longer when a remedy is at hand. Take the great medicine which has cured so many others, and you may confidently expect it will give you the relief you so much desire.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

America's Greatest Medicine for Rheumatism. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills cure sick headache. 25 cents.

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COMMENTS OF THE PRESS OF THE WHOLE UNITED STATES.

the most wonderful production for its price. Simply to see a copy of THE LEDGER MONTHLY is to be fully convinced that no such costly periodical has ever been offered to the public for so little money. Your sample copy will prove this to you. Your Postmaster will show you a sample copy of THE LEDGER MONTHLY and also take your subscription for THE LEDGER MONTHLY for a whole year for only 50 cents.

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WHEAT! WHEAT! WHEAT!

"Nothing but wheat! as the eye could reach on either side—what you might call a sea of wheat"—was what a lecturer, speaking of Western Canada, said while referring to that country. For particulars as to routes, etc., apply to C. J. Broughton, 1223 Monmouth Bldg., Chicago, Ill.; T. E. Currie, Stevens Point, Wis.; M. V. McInnes, No. 1 Merrill Bldg., Detroit, Mich.; D. Caven, Bad Axe, Mich.; or Jas. Grieve, Reed City, Mich.; N. Bartholomew, 6th St., Des Moines, Iowa, Agents for the Government of Canada.



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One Woman's Wisdom.

She—And so your former sweetheart married your rival, did she? He—yes. She didn't know which of us she liked the best, so we agreed to have a fist fight for her! She—And you were the loser. Too bad that you should lose the fight and the girl, too. He—Oh, I won the fight all right enough. The other fellow was in the hospital for two weeks, but she married him just the same. I guess she thought it would be a good idea to marry a man she could handle.

COMBINATION OF HEALTH AND WEALTH.

New Districts in Western Canada Adapted to Ranching and Mixed Farming.

Calgary, Alberta, Nov. 4, 1898. To the Editor of the Duluth Evening Herald, Duluth, Minn.:

Dear Sir—As to many replies to the some-seeker of Minnesota, I can cheerfully say this country is better for a poor man than Minnesota, if he wants to farm and raise stock. I have spent one winter and two summers which I find more pleasant than any winter I have seen in Minnesota for eight years. The seasons are short, but the effects of long days of bright sunshine produce a very rapid growth of vegetation. There is good money in raising coarse grains and feeding to hogs and cattle, for pork and beef always bring a good price here. Hogs are worth from \$4 to \$4.50 live weight per cwt. and beef about the same. There is plenty of railroad land to be had very cheap and on long time payments. A man does not want to think he can pick up money on the ground here, but there is lots of it in the ground and labor will take it out.

There is a vast scope of country north of Edmonton, Alberta, which can be settled and a large scope of country west of Edmonton adapted to ranching and mixed farming.

This country is the best place I have ever seen for the cure of consumption. I could refer you to different people here who were in the last stages of consumption, who are now in perfect health and able to do any kind of hard work and are very prosperous.

Hoping this may benefit some-seekers who are willing to work for an honest living, I remain yours very truly,

(Signed) CHARLES M. SCOTT.

Any agent of the Canadian Government will gladly give information as to settlement, terms and rates.

Why They Wait.

Mr. Fuddleson—I wonder why it is that girls don't get married as young nowadays as they used to?

Miss Cutting—It's because they have to wait for the men to grow up. Why, one rarely sees a fellow now who is capable of earning his own living before he's 35 or 40.

Lane's Family Medicine

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

A Hurry Call.

"I called Biggus a liar right to his face yesterday."

"Is that so? What did he say?"

"I don't know. I happened to be called away before he had time to reply."

A positive fact of the age is the certainty of relief afforded in skin diseases by Glenn's Sulphur Soap, Bill's Hair and Whisker Dye, black or brown, 50c.

In life, as in chess, forethought wins. —Buxton.

THE PEACE TREATY.

BRIEF OUTLINE OF ITS SEVENTEEN ARTICLES.

Disposition of Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines—Commercial Treaty Will Not Be Effected Until the Peace Agreement is Ratified.

Extraordinary precautions were maintained by both the peace commissions to preserve secrecy as to the contents of the treaty. Each commission has two copies, but even the commission attaches were not permitted to peruse the documents. The State Department was advised that the text of the treaty is entirely too long to send by telegraph, so a copy will be mailed or brought to Washington by the American peace commissioners. The department's advice is that the treaty consists of 600 typewritten pages, probably the longest document of the kind in the world's history. The correspondent of the Associated Press obtained from a source usually reliable the following outline of the treaty:

Article 1 provides for the relinquishment of Cuba.

Article 2 provides for the cession of Porto Rico.

Article 3 provides for the cession of the Philippines for \$20,000,000 as compensation.

Article 4 embraces the plans for the cession of the Philippines, including the return of Spanish prisoners in the hands of the Tagalos.

Article 5 deals with the cession of barracks, war materials, arms, stores, buildings and all property pertaining to the Spanish administration in the Philippines.

Article 6 is a renunciation by both nations of their respective claims against each other and the citizens of each other.

Article 7 grants to Spanish trade and shipping in the Philippines the same treatment as American trade and shipping for a period of ten years.

Article 8 provides for the release of all prisoners of war held by Spain and of all prisoners held by her for political offenses committed in the colonies acquired by the United States.

Article 9 guarantees the legal rights of Spaniards remaining in Cuba.

Article 10 establishes the religious freedom of the Philippines and guarantees to all churches equal rights.

Article 11 provides for the composition of courts and other tribunals in Porto Rico and Cuba.

Article 12 provides for the administration of justice in Porto Rico and Cuba.

Article 13 provides for the continuance for five years of Spanish copyrights in the ceded territories, giving Spanish books admittance free of duty.

Article 14 provides for the establishment of consulates by Spain in the ceded territories.

Article 15 grants to Spanish commerce in Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines the same treatment as to American for ten years, Spanish shipping to be treated as coasting vessels.

Article 16 stipulates that the obligations of the United States to Spanish citizens and property in Cuba shall terminate with the withdrawal of the United States authorities from the island.

Article 17 provides that the treaty must be ratified within six months from the date of signing by the respective governments in order to be binding.

For some time to come the United States and Spain must get along without any treaty to regulate commerce between the two countries. An effort was made at Paris to secure an arrangement with the Spanish commissioners looking to the revival of the old treaties until they could be replaced by others, but this having failed, no negotiations for new commercial treaties will be undertaken before ratification of the peace treaty.

WALL'S SLAYER CAPTURED.

Was Being Held on a Charge of Burglary at Spokane, Wash.

A prisoner in the county jail at Spokane, Wash., awaiting trial on a charge of burglary, and who is also accused of having shot ex-Alderman Davidson while in the act of highway robbery committed in that city a month ago, has been positively identified as being Otto Mattias, a coal miner, wanted at Staunton, Ill., for the murder of H. W. Wall, a wealthy citizen of that place, on Aug. 16 last. For this crime a reward of \$2,000 was offered for Mattias' arrest. The prisoner, who gave his name as Fred Wood, was identified by Dr. P. A. Hoxsey of Spokane, who was in Staunton when the crime was committed, and who knows the prisoner.

QUEEN LIL GIVES UP FIGHT.

It is announced through her friends that ex-Queen Liliuokalani will neither seek nor accept a pension from the United States Government. She is said to be reconciled to the situation, and asks nothing in compensation for the loss of her throne. She intends, it is said, to devote her energies to securing her claims to the crown lands in order that she make adequate provision for her niece, Princess Kaiulani, and establish or endow institutions for the benefit of Hawaii and Hawaiians.

12TH U. S. GOES TO MANILA.

Regiment at Jefferson Barracks Ordered to Philippines.

Orders were Thursday issued by the War Department to the Twelfth United States Infantry, at Jefferson barracks, Mo., to proceed to San Francisco in time to embark on the transport Scandia on her next trip to Manila. Upon the arrival of the Twelfth at Manila it is probable that one of the first volunteer regiments to arrive at the Philippines will return to the United States on the Scandia.

CALVIN S. BRICE IS DEAD.

Noted Financier Succumbs to an Attack of Pneumonia.

Calvin Stewart Brice, the well-known financier and former United States Senator from Ohio, died of pneumonia Thursday afternoon at his home in New York.

Mr. Brice was first taken ill on Saturday, but his condition was not regarded serious until Monday, when symptoms of pneumonia appeared.

Calvin S. Brice was born in Denmark, O., Sept. 17, 1845. He was the son of the Rev. W. K. Brice, a Presbyterian minister.

After having received a common school education young Brice entered Miami University at Oxford, Ohio. He was then but 13 years old. When the war broke out he was among the first to volunteer in the university company, and in 1862 he was enrolled as a member of Company A of the Eighty-sixth Ohio volunteers. After serving for a year with the army in West Virginia, Brice returned to the university, being graduated in 1863.

Early in the following year he recruited a company, which was assigned to the 180th Ohio volunteers. When he left the army Brice had been promoted to the rank of lieutenant colonel.

At the close of the war Col. Brice took up the study of law, and was admitted to practice in 1866. He practiced with great success until 1880, when he abandoned the profession to take charge of various enterprises in which he was interested.

While practicing law Col. Brice became interested in politics. He was chosen delegate-at-large to the national Democratic convention held at St. Louis in 1888, and as a reward for his services at the convention he was elected chairman of the national campaign committee.

Col. Brice was elected United States Senator from Ohio in 1890, to succeed Senator Payne, and served one term. He had lived in New York City two years, but maintained a residence in Lima, Ohio. He leaves a widow and five children, three sons and two daughters.

CAPTAIN SIGSBEE TOO LATE.

Fails to Reach Fortress Monroe in Time to Sail on Texas.

Captain D. Sigsbee did not have the satisfaction of sailing into Havana harbor, his first visit there since the destruction of the Maine, in command of his own ship. It was considered in naval circles as a rather dramatic thing for Sigsbee's ship to be the first to reach Havana in response to a call for the protection of American interests there, just as he was sent to the Cuban capital in the Maine for a similar reason.

But they do things in a hurry in the navy nowadays, and Captain Sigsbee could not reach the Texas before she steamed out of Hampton roads. A telegram was sent to Captain Sigsbee at Fortress Monroe by the department telling him to take the first train for Tampa and take passage on the regular passenger vessel, thence to Havana.

CARLISTS LOSING GROUND.

Spain Wants Italy to Watch Don Carlos and Prove Its Friendship.

The Carlist movement in Spain is evidently beginning to lose ground. As a result the Spanish Government has become more aggressive. It is now anxious to locate Don Carlos, who has slid out of view since his reported appearance in Austria. The army is being slowly mobilized in Navarre and the Basque provinces as a check to Carlist movements. These provinces are in northern Spain, bordering the French frontier. Spain has asked the Italian Government to prove its friendship by watching for Don Carlos in Italy.

An Exceptional Man.

Diggs—Simkins certainly has a wonderful memory.

Biggs—Why do you think so? Diggs—He never leaves his umbrella anywhere.

The Enormous Gold Product of 1898.

From South Africa, the Klondike and Australia gold is being shipped in large quantities. This year's output will nearly double that of any previous twelve months. The sale of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is also increasing very fast. This famous remedy will cure dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation, nervousness and weakness.

Only a Matter of Time.

Dixon—There goes a young man who is above the average. He's in rather hard luck just now, but he'll come out on top some day.

Hixon—Yes; I suppose he will get bald, just like the rest of us, in time.

Try Grain-O! Try Grain-O!

Ask your Grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. 1/4 the price of coffee, 15c. and 25c. per package. Sold by all grocers.

On account of the constantly increasing traffic of the Chicago Great Western, that company has placed a rush order within the last few days with the Baldwin Locomotive Works for ten large 10-wheel engines. Of these one-half are cylinder compound and the other half simple engines. The engines are of 165,000 pounds weight and will be capable of hauling almost any load which can be put behind them. They are for delivery early in February, and the order will probably be followed by another one for five or ten more engines of the same large capacity. The Great Western will also let contracts next week for 700 new box cars.

Easily Remedied.

Chief Clerk (in railway office)—Here's a report from the roadmaster to the effect that the Deep river bridge is unsafe. What instructions shall I give him?

General Manager—Tell him to give it a new coat of paint immediately.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We the undersigned have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. WALKING, KINMAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all druggists.

Our lives, by acts exemplary, not only win ourselves good names, but do to others good matter for virtuous deeds, by which we live.—Chapman.

The Shortest Way.

The shortest way out of an attack of neuralgia is to use St. Jacobs Oil, which affords not only a sure relief, but a prompt cure. It soothes, subdues and ends the suffering.

The Lancashire factories spin at least 150,000,000 miles of cotton thread on every full working day.

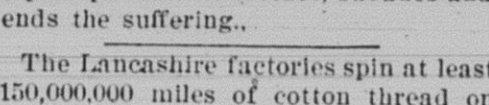
Piso's Cure for Consumption is our only medicine for coughs and colds.—Mrs. C. Beltz, 439 8th Ave., Denver, Col., Nov. 8, 1898.

God governs the world, and we have only to do our duty wisely and leave the issue to him.—John Jay.

LIZZIE M. BREWER,

Well Known for Deeds of Kindness and Philanthropy,

AN ARDENT ADVOCATE OF PE-NU-NA.



The Home of Mrs. Lizzie M. Brewer at Westerly, R. I.

In a letter to Dr. Hartman, concerning the merits of Pe-nu-na, Mrs. Brewer writes, among other things: "Westerly, R. I. 'Dear Dr. Hartman—I find Pe-nu-na a sure cure for all catarrhal affections so common in this part of the country. It cures a cold at once. There is no cough medicine that can at all equal Pe-nu-na. As for the gripe, there is no other remedy that can at all compare with Pe-nu-na. 'I notice in medical journals, and from the testimony of my neighbors, that the doctors seem quite unsuccessful in treating the gripe, especially in removing the after-effects of the gripe. From personal observation in many cases I know that Pe-nu-na is a sure specific for these cases. 'I am among the sick a great deal in our city and have supplied many invalids with Pe-nu-na, and I am an enthusiastic

From Head to Foot.

For all aches, from head to foot, St. Jacobs Oil has curative qualities to reach the pains and aches of the human family, and to relieve and cure them promptly.

Dealing in Futures.

"And did your daughter make a good match?" asked one lady of another. "Indeed she did," replied the other. "Her husband is considered the shrewdest and most unprincipled lawyer in the State, and of course he will be able to gratify her every wish."

What Do the Children Drink?

Don't give them tea or coffee. Have you tried the new food drink called GRAIN-O? It is delicious and nourishing, and takes the place of coffee. The more GRAIN-O you give the children the more health you distribute through their systems. GRAIN-O is made of pure grains, and when properly prepared tastes like the choice grades of coffee, but costs about 1/4 as much. All grocers sell it. 15c. and 25c.

As a Waiter.

Softleigh—Bobby, did you—aw—tell your sister that I am waiting? Bobby—Sure. Softleigh—And what did she—aw—say? Bobby—She said you ought to get a job like that in a restaurant.

In Winter Use Allen's Foot-Ease.

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. During winter your feet feel uncomfortable, nervous, and often cold and damp. If you have perspiring, smarting feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It warms and rests the feet and makes walking easy. Cures swollen and sweating feet, blisters and callous spots. Relieves corns and bunions of all pain and is a certain cure for chilblains and frost bites. Try it to-day. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores for 25c. Trial package mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

English.

He—They say that 116,000,000 people now speak the English language. She—Wonder how many of them say "he done it" and "I have saw?"

Coughing Leads to Consumption.

Kemp's Balsam will stop the cough at once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Sold in 25 and 50 cent bottles. Go at once; delays are dangerous.

His Backing.

"They say he has a fortune back of him."

"More than that. He has squandered three of them, to my certain knowledge."

Easily Gotten Over.

A criddle from a sprain is one who neglects to use St. Jacobs Oil to cure it. Prompt use of it brings prompt cure, and the trouble is gotten over easily.

There cannot be a surer proof of low origin or of an innate meanness of disposition than to be always talking and thinking about being genteel.—Hazlitt.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

Filtration—A circulating library in which you seldom ask twice for the same volume.

Mrs. Winslow's Soreness Syrup for Children: soothes the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

WANTED—Case of bad health that R. P. A. N. S. will not benefit. Send 5 cents to R. P. A. N. S. Co., New York, for 19 samples and 1,000 testimonials.

Fortune does not change men; it only unmasks them.—Riccoboni.

900 Drops
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr. J. C. PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed - 1 lb.
Rhubarb - 1 lb.
Aloe - 1 lb.
Sassafras - 1 lb.
Sulphur - 1 lb.
Castor Oil - 1 lb.
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and Loss of Sleep.
Facsimile Signature of
J. C. Pitcher
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 Doses - 35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
J. C. Pitcher
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

PERTINENT
PERSONALS
Ex-Gov. Waite of Colorado has become a rich man in mining.
The oil wells of Senator Roger Q. Mills are said to net him about \$100 a day.
Hobson is said to be writing a memoir of his experiences in the Spanish war.
Dr. Conan Doyle is described as tall, bluff, hearty, and an enthusiastic cricketer.
Admiral Sampson graduated from the naval academy at the head of his class in 1861.
Secretary Gage is said to be a passionate sportsman, and a remarkably good shot.
Queen Wilhelmina of Holland is a firm believer in and a stout supporter of the Salvation army.
Dr. Scott Schley, the youngest son of the admiral, has begun the practice of medicine in New York.
Miss Flora Shaw, who is now in the Klondike, is the woman connected with the London end of the Jameson raid.
Ian MacLaren, who is to lecture in the West next spring, is said to intend remaining in this country for at least a year.
W. D. Howells, the novelist, is said to be contemplating a trip to London, where he will be the guest of Henry James.
Captain Sigsbee's artist daughter, Mary Ellen, has won the competition for a scholarship in the Art Students' League.
Barnett, the Harvard football player, says that he was not the original "Little Lord Fauntleroy." That honor belongs to his brother.
Gov. Fingree of Michigan started life a poor mill hand. Now he is the head of a business, the value of the yearly product of which is about \$1,000,000.
The empress dowager of China is 64 years of age. Her title runs as follows: "Tzu-hsi-tuan-yu-Kang-i-shih-yu-chuang-chou-shou-king-hsien-chang-hsi."

WALL'S SLAYER CAPTURED.
Was Being Held on a Charge of Burglary at Spokane, Wash.
A prisoner in the county jail at Spokane, Wash., awaiting trial on a charge of burglary, and who is also accused of having shot ex-Alderman Davidson while in the act of highway robbery committed in that city a month ago, has been positively identified as being Otto Mattias, a coal miner, wanted at Staunton, Ill., for the murder of H. W. Wall, a wealthy citizen of that place, on Aug. 16 last. For this crime a reward of \$2,000 was offered for Mattias' arrest. The prisoner, who gave his name as Fred Wood, was identified by Dr. P. A. Hoxsey of Spokane, who was in Staunton when the crime was committed, and who knows the prisoner.

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Bear in Mind that "The Gods Help Those Who Help Themselves." Self Help Should Teach You to Use
SAPOLIO

12TH U. S. GOES TO MANILA.
Regiment at Jefferson Barracks Ordered to Philippines.
Orders were Thursday issued by the War Department to the Twelfth United States Infantry, at Jefferson barracks, Mo., to proceed to San Francisco in time to embark on the transport Scandia on her next trip to Manila. Upon the arrival of the Twelfth at Manila it is probable that one of the first volunteer regiments to arrive at the Philippines will return to the United States on the Scandia.

Col. John A. Watkins, the Indian historian, who died in New Orleans the other day, was a veteran of the Mexican war, and a direct descendant of Joseph Watkins, the follower of Capt. John Smith.

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Jan. 4, Feb. 1, March 8, April 5, May 3, May 31, June 28, July 26, Aug. 30, Sept. 27, Oct. 25, Nov. 22. Annual meeting and election of officers Nov. 22d.
J. D. SCHNAITMAN, Sec.

R. P. CARPENTER, W. R. C. NO. 210,
meets the Second and Fourth Friday in each month. The Second Friday at 2:30 p. m. The Fourth Friday at 7:30 p. m.
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40 acres, lays west of Mike Sullivan's, on the road, no buildings or timber.
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No. 86—Atlantic Express 7:15 a. m.
No. 12—Grand Rapids 10:40 a. m.
No. 6—Express and Mail 3:15 p. m.
TRAINS WEST:
No. 3—Express and Mail 10:50 a. m.
No. 13—Grand Rapids 6:20 p. m.
No. 7—Chicago Express 10:20 p. m.
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where for "The Story of the Philippines" by Murat Halstead, commissioned by the Government as Official Historian to the War Department. The book was written in army camps at San Francisco, on the Pacific coast; Manila, in the American trenches at Manila; in the insurgent camps with Aguinaldo, on the deck of the Olympia with Dewey, and in the rear of battle at the fall of Manila. Bound for gentlemen. Brim full of original pictures taken by government photographers on the spot. Large book. Low price. Buy free. Freight paid. Credit given. Drop all trashy unimportant war books. Outfit free. Address, R. T. Barber, Sec'y, Star Insurance Building, Chicago.

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A DANGEROUS DUTY.

INSPECTING DOUBLE BOTTOMS IN OUR NAVAL VESSELS.

It is Extremely Hazardous and Trying Work, and Many Precautions Are Necessary to Prevent Loss of Life During the Operation.

There is one phase of the ship life of the American naval officer that is scarcely known to the layman and that can hardly be understood by him as he looks upon the modern ship in all her attractive cleanliness and meets her neatly uniformed officers upon the spotless upper deck. Not only are the parts of the ship in sight kept clean and free from rust and decay, but also those far down, contracted spaces that never see the light of day. These include the cellular compartments between the inner and outer skins of the ship, known technically as the "double bottom," and other places that separate the magazines and various built up structures within the ship from the outer skin.

These narrow compartments are especially susceptible to dampness and rust, and in order that those who have the care of them may do their duty well and so prevent the decay of the ship a system of inspection has been devised, and the inspectors must be, under the naval regulations, commissioned officers. A permanent board of inspection is formed upon each ship, which must consist of one engineer and two line officers. The duty of this board is periodically to make personal inspections of all the parts of the ship, examine everything critically, suggest remedies for any evils that may be found to exist and to report to the commanding officer, for transmission to the navy department, the condition of the vessel in detail.

Uniforms are discarded while making these inspections, and clad in seamen's ordinary working suits these officers crawl upon all fours throughout the length of the bottom of the ship, wriggle snakelike through narrow openings and examine with their own eyes every inch of the surface of the thin steel plates. The paint of these compartments, softened by dampness in some places and by heat and the steam laden air of the boiler rooms in others, rubs off upon the working suits, and an hour's crawling transforms the neat officer into a very sorry spectacle. In some modern navies this duty is performed by the enlisted men, the officers being excused from it, but in our navy the feeling exists that an enlisted man should not be asked to go where an officer is not willing to lead. The result is that "things always work" with the Americans and the efficiency of the fleet is assured.

Numerous precautions must be taken to avoid the risk of losing life while performing this duty, for it is attended with no little danger. The atmosphere of confined spaces entirely or partly closed for a considerable length of time becomes robbed of its oxygen in the formation of rust and is soon made unfit to sustain life. If possible, such compartments are blown out with pure air led through a hose from a blower duct and all manhole plates removed before being entered. A lighted candle is always carried by the inspecting officer upon his crawling tour. If the candle burns dimly or seems upon the point of being extinguished, there is a deficiency of oxygen, and he will immediately seek the nearest opening leading from the compartment and leave it at once. Men are stationed at places as near as possible to him, so that they may hear his voice and render immediate assistance in case of need. No one is allowed to enter any confined space on board ship without an uncovered light, although in addition a portable electric light is carried frequently to render the inspection more thorough.

It not infrequently happens that officers and men become so wedged between bulkheads and beams while performing this duty as to make it extremely difficult to remove them, and more than one officer of the navy is upon the retired list today because of permanent injury to his health contracted while performing this arduous labor. Because of the care exercised it is rare that a life is lost in this service, but in one case at least the rashness of a man proved fatal to him. One of the main boilers of the cruiser Newark, while flagship of the south Atlantic station, having been tightly closed for a month, while empty, in order to preserve it from deterioration, the coppersmith of that vessel, an energetic, faithful man, thought its interior should be examined and, although warned repeatedly never to enter such a boiler without an open light, removed an upper manhole plate and crawled in upon the braces with an electric light. He told no one that he was going into the boiler, and no one was stationed to assist him in case of need. His dead body was found half out and half in the boiler manhole with the electric light still burning brightly within the boiler. He had evidently crawled in upon the braces, felt a faintness creeping over him and had endeavored to regain the open air, but lost consciousness just as life lay within his reach, and so died of asphyxiation.

The air in the boiler had been entirely robbed of its oxygen by the iron of the shell in the formation of rust, and the residuum was unfit to breathe. A lighted candle was snuffed out immediately upon being thrust into the boiler, and this condition prevailed until a lower manhole plate was removed, when the heavy gas ran out as water might, and the air within soon came to be quite pure. No more vivid illustration of the dangers to be encountered in the care of ships afloat and the precautions necessary to be taken in this duty could be given than this incident, which shows that shot and shell and bursting steam pipes are not the only dangers that confront the officers and men of Uncle Sam's navy.—New York Sun.

PA AND FREDDIE ABOARD.

An Exciting Time For Which There Was Really No Occasion.

As a passenger train on the Hannibal was pulling out a tall countryman, lumbered with four bundles, a scythe snath, an ax handle, a bag of bananas and a small boy, came out of the depot and began to take his bearings. Up and down the tracks his gaze wandered, up and down the long lines of coaches drawn up under the sheds, and at last, as the rear coach was passing him, he caught sight of the moving train.

"Come on, Freddie! Thar she goes!" he yelled and began to transfer some of his belongings from his right hand to his left as he ran. Freddie made an amazing record for one whose legs were so short, and they were soon beside the steps on the rear end of the last coach. There was a man standing on the platform.

"Hay, stop 'er, stop 'er!" cried Freddie's pa. "Put on that ar wind brake, mister! Pull that ar rope up over your head and make 'er stop!" But the man only reached down and caught Freddie, who was leaping and swinging and dragging by turns in his vain efforts to make his short legs stretch far enough to get his feet on the lower step. Pa held on to him with one hand and the man on the platform finally succeeded in drawing him up. Pa slung the banana bag after him. It slid on across the platform and went overboard on the other side. Pa made a leap for the steps, dropped a bundle and stooped to pick it up. The recovery of the bundle took but a second, but the train was getting well under way and was a tail's length ahead when he began the chase again. One wild spurt, with his coat tails standing out behind him, a reckless leap, and pa, too, was aboard, but a bundle containing an undershirt had been lost in the tussle.

An employee of the depot picked the bundle up, and a section man who happened by appropriated the bananas to his own refreshment. The crowd that had breathlessly awaited the result of the race melted away, and the depot attendants, who had been preparing to pick pa up with shovels, went about their duties.

Half an hour later a very angry man came prancing down the depot platform. He was holding a small boy by one hand, and the ends of an ax handle and scythe snath protruded from under his arm.

It was pa. He approached a depot official and said:

"Why didn't you tell me that wasn't the Wabash? I wanted the Wabash; that's what I wanted."

The official tenderly handed pa his new undershirt and replied in the soft tones that soothe the ruffled soul:

"I believe you forgot to ask me."—Kansas City Times.

INSISTED ON PAYING.

A Man Who Wouldn't Accept Legal Advice For Nothing.

The other day an old fellow slouched into Attorney Oscar Kahn's office, on Legal row, and introduced himself as Mr. Smith, Jones, Brown, or something, of a neighboring county. He said he wanted to consult a lawyer and was accorded a seat and one of the attorney's sweetest smiles.

He then explained that while he was away from home the sheriff or some deputy had attached his wife's sewing machine and bureau for taxes. He did not propose to tolerate such imposition, he declared.

"What is the amount of taxes?" inquired the lawyer.

"Lemme see—\$1.28," was the reply.

The lawyer could not conceal a smile, but hastened to say: "Well, Mr. Smith, if you want my advice, it is to go back and settle that small amount. It looks like the easiest and best way out of it."

The old fellow thought a moment and replied that he believed he would. Answering, he asked, "How much do I owe you?"

"Oh, nothing, sir," was the reply.

"I won't charge you anything for a little advice like that."

"But I allus pays fer whut I git and want ter pay jes' the same."

"Oh, that's all right; come in again some time when you need advice on something more important, and we'll square it then."

"Naw, I want ter pay it now. Jes' square out. Ef it's 25 cents, I'll pay it. Ef ye want 50, there it is!" And he threw down a half dollar and left.—Paducah (Ky.) Sun.

Harbing Back.

Mrs. Acklins—I don't want to be impatient, but how old are you any way? Some of the ladies were discussing your age at the club the other day, and several of them claimed that you were at least 35, but I insisted that you were not more than 33.

Mrs. Biswick—I'm glad you were so kind. Of course you didn't mention the fact that you were ready to leave the grammar grade when I was in the primary class at school, did you?—New York World.

Why, of Course.

"I've called to tell you, sir, that the photographs you took of us the other day are not at all satisfactory. Why, my husband looks like an ape!" "Well, madam, you should have thought of that before you had him taken."—Household Words.

The Egyptian women wore bangle hoops of gold in their ears, which were regarded as the wearer's choicest possessions, and were parted from only under direct stress. The golden calf was supposed to have been made entirely from the earrings of the people.

The death penalty is rarely enforced in Germany, Austria, Denmark or Sweden. In New York 11 out of 12 murderers escape without any punishment, and in the United States only one murderer in 50 suffers capital punishment.

A BUTCHER THAT KNOWS HIS BUSINESS.

never takes advantage of the inexperience of his customers by giving them poor cuts or light weights. We treat our patrons honorably and in the same courteous manner, and cut them the best of the kind that they ask for—and when we do that you couldn't find better for love or money. Fresh, smoked, salt meats and sausage, poultry, oysters.

Lard by the Crock 7c at
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NEW TRIMMED HATS.

You will feel richer when you see our new
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are cheap, but when in need of Tea, Coffee, Canned Goods, Confectionery, Hay, Straw, Corn, Oats, try us and be convinced that we are not undersold.

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FURNITURE

we have Rockers in antique, golden and mahogany finish, in cane, leather and upholstered seats at rock bottom prices. Bookcases and desks, easels. We can give you the best value in Couches covered in Velour, Corduroy, etc., from \$400 to \$20.00. Bedroom suits at greatly reduced prices. Large assortment of Iron beds. In

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we have the best assortment, also in Cutlery and Silverware, and everything in Toys and Dolls, Rocking Horses, Shoo Fly's, Hand Sleds. We are

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Mixed candy 5c pound. Peanuts 6c pound (fresh roasted).
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JOHN BAUMGARDNER, Prop., Ann Arbor.

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WARNER'S WHITE WINE OF TAR SYRUP. CONSUMPTION CURE, cures a cold in 24 hours if taken in time and does not stop a cough in one minute by paralyzing the throat, but it cures the disease and leaves the throat and lungs healthy and strong 25 and 50 cents.

Charles Limpert has taken the agency of the complete and fully illustrated work on the Spanish American War by Leroy Armstrong, with Geo. F. Cram's maps of the world combined and will call on you soon. Save your orders for him. Wm. C. Sharp, Gen. Agent.

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Take Warner's White Wine of Tar Syrup, the best cough remedy on earth 25 and 50 cents.

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